

Integrated Networking Solutions

# Base station WOP-2ac-LR5

User Manual

Firmware version 1.10.0

IP address: 192.168.1.10 Username: admin Password: password

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# 1 Introduction

## Annotation

Modern trends of telecommunication development make operators find the most optimal technologies in order to satisfy rapidly growing needs of subscribers, at the same time maintaining consistency of business processes and flexibility in development, as well as reducing the costs of various services provision. Wireless technologies are gaining momentum and have evolved very quickly from unstable low-speed small radius communication networks to broadband networks comparable in speed to wired networks with high criteria for the quality of provided services.

WOP-2ac-LR5 is indended for organization of broadband networks in private housing. The device provides clients with wireless Internet access in the range of up to 3 km and Triple Play services. The device is a good choice for wireless network construction in any climatic conditions: in a wide operating temperature range and in high humidity. The device allows connecting different sectoral antennas.

This manual specifies intended purpose, main technical parameters, design, installation procedure and instructions for configuring, monitoring and updating of WOP-2ac-LR5 base station.

## Symbols

Notes and warnings

**O** Notes contain important information, tips or recommendations on device operation and setup.

Warnings inform users about hazardous conditions, which may cause injuries or device damage and may lead to the device malfunctioning or data loss.

# 2 Device description

## 2.1 Purpose

The base station WOP-2ac-LR5 (hereinafter 'the device') has been designed to provide subscribers with wireless Internet access in the range of up to 3 km and to organize wireless bridges (WDS). The device provides access to modern interactive services: Internet, IPTV, VoIP.

The base station WOP-2ac-LR5 – an up-to-date flexible solution that provides extending coverage zone due to the power of its transmitter (up to 28 dBm) and the use of sectoral antennas. It is possible to deploy wireless IT infrastructure fast and easily by virtue of high-performance hardware, scalability and intuitive interface. The PoE+ technology makes it possible to install the equipment anywhere, regardless of the power supply location, reduces total cost by discarding power cables and makes installation easier and faster.

## 2.2 Device specification

#### Interfaces:

- 1 Combo port 10/100/1000BASE-T (Ethernet)/100/1000BASE-X (SFP);
- 2 SMA (female) connectors for external antennas. The choice of a model depends on the intended use
  of the access point: for wireless bridges, it is preferable to choose narrow-band antennas, and in the
  base station mode, sectoral antennas with a wider directional pattern are should be chosen;
- Wi-Fi 5-6 GHz IEEE 802.11a/n/ac.

The power is supplied via a PoE injector (IEEE 802.3at-2009).

#### Functions:

WLAN capabilities:

- support for IEEE 802.11a/n/ac;
- data aggregation, including A-MPDU (Tx /Rx) and A-MSDU (Rx);
- · WMM-based priorities and packet planning;
- support for hidden SSID;
- · 4 virtual access points;
- MAC ACL;
- · external access points detection;
- APSD;
- spectrum analyzer;
- support for wireless bridges (WDS);
- · Polling;
- · support for fixed center frequency;
- intersectoral synchronization (PTP)<sup>1</sup>.

#### Network functions:

- · autonegotiation of speed, duplex mode and switching between MDI and MDI-X modes;
- support for VLAN (Access, Trunk, General);
- · DHCP client;
- · VLAN mapping;
- support for NTP;
- DHCP snooping;
- IGMP snooping (with possibility to limit the number of groups);
- BPDU filtering;
- Support for Ping Watchdog.

<sup>1</sup> For WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC only

QoS functions:

- bandwidth limiting for each SSID;
- · client data rate limiting for each SSID;
- · changing WMM parameters for each radio interface;
- support for CoS, DSCP and VLAN ID prioritization.

Security:

- · centralized authorization via RADIUS server (WPA Enterprise);
- WPA/WPA2 data encryption;
- 64/128/152-bit WEP data encryption;
- Fig. 1 shows an operation diagram for WOP-2ac-LR5.



Figure 1 – WOP-2ac-LR5 operation diagram

## 2.3 Technical Features

Table 1 shows main specifications of the device.

Table 1 – Main specifications

Ethernet interface parameters					
Number of ports	1				
Electrical connector	RJ-45/SFP				
Data rate, Mbps	10/100/1000, auto-negotiation				
Standards	BASE-T/BASE-X				

Port features	Combo port		
Wireless interface parameters			
Standards	802.11a/n/ac		
Frequency range, MHz	5170- 6160 MHz		
Modulation	BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM		
Data transfer rate <sup>1</sup> , Mbps	<b>802.11a:</b> up to 54 Mbps <b>802.11n:</b> up to 300 Mbps <b>802.11ac:</b> up to 867 Mbps		
Maximum transmitter output power <sup>2</sup>	5-6 GHz:		
	24 dBm (for WOP-2ac-LR5)		
	28 dBm (for WOP-2ac-LR5 rev.B, WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC)		
Receiver sensitivity	<b>5-6 GHz:</b> up to -94 dBm		
Security	64/128/152- bit WEP encryption, WPA/WPA2, centralized authorization via RADIUS server (WPA/WPA2 Enterprise)		
Control			
Remote control	Web interface, CLI, Telnet, SSH, SNMP (monitoring), NETCONF		
Access restriction	Local authentication and authentication via RADIUS server		
General parameters			
RAM	128 MB		
Flash	32 MB		
Power supply	PoE+ (IEEE 802.3at-2009)		

Power consumption	no more than 6.5 W (for WOP-2ac-LR5) no more than 16 W (for WOP-2ac-LR5 rev.B, WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC)
Range of operation temperatures	from -45 to +65°C
Operating humidity	up to 95%
Ingress Protection Marking	IP54
Dimensions	80x232.5x47 mm
Weight	0.33 kg (for WOP-2ac-LR5) 0.39 kg (for WOP-2ac-LR5 rev.B, WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC)

<sup>1</sup> The maximum wireless data rate is defined according to IEEE 802.11n/ac standards. The real bandwidth will be different. Conditions under which a network operates, environmental factors (including a volume of network traffic), network service data, building materials and constructions might decrease the real bandwidth. Environmental factors might also influence a network coverage range.

<sup>2</sup> The number of channels and the value of the maximum output power will vary according to the rules of radio frequency regulation in your country.

## 2.4 Design

WOP-2ac-LR5 housed in a plastic case, industrial version. The size of the device: 80x232.5x47 mm. The appearance of WOP-2ac-LR5 is shown in the Fig. 2.



Figure 2 – WOP-2ac-LR5

A combo port 10/100/1000BASE-T (Ethernet)/100/1000BASE-X (SFP) for local network connection and power supply via PoE, a grounding terminal (for WOP-2ac-LR5 H/W version 1v5 and higher; for WOP-2ac-LR5 rev.B, WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC) and a factory reset button (F) are located under the cover at the bottom of the device, Fig. 3.



Figure 3 - WOP-2ac-LR5 ports

## 2.5 Light Indication

The appearance of WOP-2ac-LR5 indication panel is shown in the Fig. 4 .



Figure 4 – WOP-2ac-LR5 indication panel appearance

The current state of the device is shown with the help of light indicators located on the front panel of WOP-2ac-LR5. The list of indicators and their description are given in the following table.

Table 2 – Description of indicators

	Indicator	Indicator status	Description
	<b>Power</b> – power and operation status indicator	solid green	power supply is connected, normal operation
Ċ		solid orange	IP address has not been received via DHCP
		solid red	the device is loading
	<b>LAN</b> – Ethernet interface port indicator	solid green (10, 100 Mbps)/ solid orange (1000 Mbps)	the channel between Ethernet interface of WOP-2ac-LR5 and a connected device is active
		flashes	packet data transmission between Ethernet interface of WOP-2ac-LR5 and a connected device

-	WLAN - received signal strength indicator (RSSI)	solid red	the signal level is more than -94 dBm
		solid orange	the signal level is more than -80 dBm
		solid green	the signal level is more than -70 dBm
		solid green	the signal level is more than -60 dBm
		none of the indicators is on	no signal

## 2.6 Reset to factory settings

You can reset the device configuration using the 'F' button on the device. When the device is loaded, press and hold the «F» button located on the bottom panel (approximately 10–15 seconds) until the «Power» indicator is flashing orange.

The device will be rebooted automatically. DHCP client will be launched by default. If the address is not received via DHCP the device will have IP address – 192.168.1.10, subnet mask – 255.255.255.0; User Name/Password to access via Web interface – admin/password.

## 2.7 Delivery package

The basic supply package of WOP-2ac-LR5 includes:

- Base station WOP-2ac-LR5;
- Mounting kit;
- Patch cord RJ-45, 5e category, 1.5 m;
- User manual on a CD (optional);
- Conformity certificate;
- Informational leaflet;
- Technical passport.

## 3 Installation order

This section defines safety rules, installation recommendations, setup procedure and the device starting procedure.

## 3.1 Safety Rules

- 1. Do not open the device case. There are no elements intended for user services inside.
- 2. Do not install the device during a thunderstorm. There is a risk of lightning strike.
- 3. Follow voltage, current and frequency requirements specified in the user manual.
- 4. Measuring devices and a computer must be grounded before being connected to the device. The electric potential difference between devices' housings should not exceed 1 V.
- 5. Make sure that all the cables are intact and that they are reliably attached to the connectors.
- 6. The specified standards and requirements for working at height must be met during the device installation on the high-rise constructions.
- 7. The device exploitation should be performed by specially trained engineering and technical personnel.
- 8. Connect only operational service equipment to the device.

## 3.2 Installation recommendations

- 1. Recommended location for device installation: communications mast/pole.
- 2. Before installing and enabling the device, check it for visible mechanical defects. In case of mechanical damage, you should stop the device installation, draw up a corresponding report and contact the supplier.
- 3. Install the device on communications mast or pole in the way that the Ethernet port is pointed down.
- 4. During the device installation, take into account the following rules to provide Wi-Fi coverage area with the best characteristics:
  - a. Install the device in such a way that all subscriber stations that should be connected to this BS get into the antenna range;
  - b. Do not install the device near (about 2 m) electrical and radio devices;
  - c. It is not recommended to use radio phones and other devices, working on frequency of 5-6 GHz, within a range of wireless Wi-Fi network;
  - d. Obstacles such as glass/metal constructions, brick/concrete walls, water cans and mirrors can significantly reduce Wi-Fi network range.
- 5. If several access points are placed on the same mast, it is recommended to spread them vertically by at least 2 meters.

## 3.2.1 Frequency bands and channels in the range of 5 GHz and 6 GHz for Wi-Fi

Data transmission in the 5-6 GHz band is used for IEEE 802.11a/n/ac standards. WOP-2ac-LR5 supports frequency channels in the range of 5-6 GHz with the bandwidth of 5, 10, 20, 40 and 80 MHz. To calculate the Wi-Fi channel central frequency, MHz, use the equation: f=5000+(5\*N), where N – Wi-Fi channel number.

- 3.3 Recommendations for lightning protection
  - 1. The grounding shall be made with insulated stranded wire. The grounding device and the cross-section of the grounding wire must comply with the requirements of the Electrical Code of Practice.
  - 2. The first outdoor lightning protection should be installed as close as possible to the base station, connecting them with a short outdoor FTP cable with shielded connectors.
  - 3. The second outdoor lightning protection should be installed as close as possible to the PoE switch (PoE injector), connecting them with a short outdoor FTP cable with shielded connectors.
  - 4. The lightning protectors are connected to each other by an outdoor FTP cable up to 100 m long.
  - 5. The sector antenna must be grounded through the antenna mount mast.
  - 6. It is necessary to ground the base station (for more information, see Mounting the device).
  - 7. The PoE switch (PoE injector) must be connected to a 220V electrical outlet with ground or grounded through the housing.



#### Wiring diagram of the base station to provide lightning protection

## 3.4 WOP-2ac-LR5 mounting

1. Attach the bracket to the device with the screws provided, as shown in the figure below.



2. Install the device on communications mast/pole with Ethernet port down as it is shown in the figure below. Attach the device using clamps supplied in the device package. Follow the safety rules and recommendations given in Safety rules and Installation recommendations.



3. Remove the cover that closes the Ethernet port on the bottom panel of the device. Ground the device using a grounding connector (for H/W version: 1v5 and higher), then connect the Ethernet cable to the PoE port. When building a network over fiber, install the transceiver and make the connection.



- 4. Close the bottom cover.
- 5. Connect the antenna to the device using the cable assemblies.
- 6. Adjust the position of the antenna so that subscriber devices fall into the coverage area of the installed antenna.
- 7. Connect the Ethernet cable coming from WOP-2ac-LR5 to the PoE port or the injector or switch (IEEE 802.3at-2009).
- 8. If you use a PoE injector, connect it to 220 V power supply network using the cable.
- 9. Adjust the antenna more precisely using light indicators on the device.

#### To avoid damage to the device, it is recommended to use lightning protection!

#### 3.4.1 Antenna connector sealing procedure

#### • Sealing should be performed on both sides of the cable.

1. Before connecting the cable to the connector, inspect the cable braid for damage and check for an Oring in the nut of the connector, the location is shown in Figure 5 (a, b).



Figure 5a

Figure 5b

2. Connect the cable to the connector of the device (antenna) and tighten the nut, as shown in Figure 6 (a, b).



Figure 6a



Figure 6b

3. Cut the rubber sealing tape to the appropriate length: 0.15 m of waterproofing tape is required to seal one SMA connector (Figure 26a), 0.3 m of waterproofing tape is required for an N-type connector (Figure 6b), as shown in Figure 7 (a,b).



Figure 7a



Figure 7b

4. Remove the protective layer from the rubber band as shown in Figure 8.



Figure 8

5. Start wrapping from the cable side, with a 10-15 mm step away from the crimped part. Fix the end of the tape on the cable braid at an angle of 15...25 degrees to the cable axis, and, stretching the tape slightly, start wrapping the cable and the connector, advancing towards the device body. Lay the coils overlapping each other, no folds are allowed on the coils. The cable wrapping is shown in Figure 9 (a, b).



Figure 9a



Figure 9b

6. Having reached the housing of the device (antenna) by the edge of the tape, it is required to make a turn around the connector, pressing as much as possible the edge of the tape to the housing, then continue winding the tape at a different angle, moving away from the housing. When winding, do not forget to stretch the tape and press it tightly to the previously wound coils. At the tip of the ribbon, reduce the stretch and press it tightly against the coils on the cable braid, as shown in Figure 10 (a, b).



Figure 10a



Figure 10b

7. Cut PVC tape (duct tape) to the appropriate length: 0.28 m of duct tape is required to seal one SMA connector, 0.6 m of duct tape is required for an N-type connector. Tape is required to protect the rubber band from UV rays. The duct tape is shown in Figure 11.



Figure 11

8. Start wrapping from the cable braid, having preliminarily stepped back from the first coil of the rubber tape by 5-10 mm. Fix the end of the tape on the cable at an angle of 15...25 degrees to the cable axis, and, slightly stretching the tape, start wrapping the cable and the connector, advancing towards the device body. Lay the coils overlapping each other, no folds are allowed on the coils. The winding of the cable is shown in Figure 12.



Figure 12

9. Having reached the housing by the edge of the tape, it is required to make a turn around the connector, pressing the edge of the tape to the housing as much as possible, then continue winding the tape at a different angle, moving away from the housing. When winding the tape tightly, do not allow any folds. On the last turns of the tape, reduce the stretch to zero and lay the last turn without stretching, as shown in Figure 13 (a, b).



Figure 13a



Figure 13b

10. Check the sealed connector for visible areas of rubber tape.

## 3.5 WOP-2ac-LR5 RFE mounting

- 3.5.1 Composition of the kit
  - · WOP-2ac-LR5 basic device kit;
  - RFE antenna assembly;
  - Bracket;
  - Mounting kit;
  - Coaxial cables, 2 pcs.
- 3.5.2 Kit mounting process
  - 1. Attach the bracket to the unit using the screws provided, as shown in the figure below.



2. Secure the mounting bracket to the antenna with the nuts.



3. Connect the coaxial cables to the device and the antenna.



4. Install the resulting assembly on the pole as shown in the figure below. It is necessary that the set is held on the pole, but at the same time is not screwed completely: this is necessary for further alignment of the antenna.



5. Remove the bottom cover which close Ethernet port. Ground the device through a grounding connector, then connect the Ethernet cable to the PoE port. When building a network over fiber, install the transceiver and make the connection.



6. Close the bottom cover.

7. Align the antenna position so that the subscriber devices fall within the coverage area of the installed antenna.

8. Connect the Ethernet cable outgoing form WOP-2ac-LR2 to the injector PoE port or the switch port (IEEE 802.3at-2009).

9. If you using PoE injector connect it to 220 V power supply network using the cable.

10. Align the antenna more accurately using the LEDs on the device.

11. Completely secure the kit to the pole by tightening the nuts.

12. When you have finished setting up the unit, close the connection point with the cover and secure it with the three nuts.



## To avoid damage to the device, it is recommended to use lightning protection!

# 4 Managing the device through a web interface

## 4.1 Getting started

To start, you need to connect the device through a browser:

- 1. Open a web browser (web-page explorer), for example, Firefox, Opera, Chrome.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the device to the browser address bar.

IP address by default: 192.168.1.10, subnet mask: 255.255.255.0. The device is capable to obtain an IP address via DHCP. Factory settings: login: *admin*, password: *password*.

If the connection is successful, the request form with the user name and password will be displayed in a browser window.

Enter login	
Enter password	

3. Enter Login and Password into corresponding fields.

4. Click the 'Log in' button. Device Web configurator home page will be opened in the browser window.

5. If necessary, you can switch the display language. Russian and English languages are available for WOP-2ac-LR5.

Sel	ТЕХ	WOP-2ac-LR5	5	Ø Test Changes
Monitoring	Radio VAP WE	S Network Settings Sys	stem	en - (logout)
	Wi-Fi Clients	Product	WOP-2ac-LR5	1
	WDS	Hardware Version	1.3	
Wb3		Factory MAC Address	E0:D9:E3:90:89:20	
	Traffic Statistics	Serial Number	WP2A000045	
	Scan Environment	Software Version		
	Events	Backup Version		
	Network Information	Boot Version		
	Padio Information	System Time	10.08.2020 06:14:17	
Radio Information		Uptime	0 d, 00:04:45	
	Device Information >			
© Eltex Enterpr	ise LTD			Firmware Version: (Web Version: )

- 4.2 Applying configuration and discarding changes
  - 1. Applying configuration

# Click the button to save the configuration into the device flash memory and apply new settings. All the settings come into operation without device rebooting.

Visual indication of the setting application process' current state is implemented in the web interface, table 3. Table 3 – Visual indication of the current status of the setting application process

Image	State description
(† Apply	After pressing 'Apply', the process of writing settings to device memory is launched. This is indicated by the sicon on the Apply button.
✓ Apply	Successful settings saving and application are indicated by the 🗹 icon on the Apply button.

2. Discarding changes

You can discard changes only before pressing 'Apply' button. If you press 'Apply' button, all the changed parameters will be applied and saved to device memory. You will not be able to return to previous configuration after pressing 'Apply'.

The button for discarding changes appears as follows:

## 4.3 Test changes mode

The device has a test mode for a test configuration application.

To activate it, press the 'Test changes' button on the top panel of the web interface.



Test mode operating time is 300 seconds (5 minutes). During this time you can navigate through the web configurator tabs and make any changes by applying them on each page using the 'Apply' button.

You are in te	You are in test mode. Changes will be discarded in 296 sec.						Exit from Tes	t Mode 🗸	
SELTEX		W	/OP-2ac-L	R5					
Monitoring	Radio	VAP	WDS	Network Settings	System			en 👻	(logout)

After checking the required configuration, press the 'Exit from Test Mode' button and select the desired action:

- 'Save and exit' pressing this button will exit the test mode and save to the non-volatile memory all
  configuration changes that were made and applied in this mode. It will be impossible to undo changes
  made in the test mode.
- 'Cancel and exit' pressing will exit the test mode and cancel all changes made in this mode. The configuration in effect on the device before the test mode is activated will be restored.



If the administrator does not exit the test mode within 300 seconds, this will happen automatically along with a rollback of all changes that have been made in this mode. After the specified time, the configuration will be restored even if access to the device is lost as a result of the changes made.

## 4.4 Main Elements of the Web Interface

Navigation elements of the web interface are shown in the figure below.

SELTEX	WOP-2ac-LR	5	1 © Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP W	DS Network Settings Sy	vstem 2	3 en - (logout)
Wi-Fi Clients	Product	WOP-2ac-LR5	
WDS	Hardware Version	1.3	
Traffic Statistics	Factory MAC Address	E0:D9:E3:75:6D:E0	
Traine Statistics	Serial Number	WP2A000026	
Scan Environment	Software Version		
Events	Backup Version		
Network Information	Boot Version		
Radio Information	System Time	17.08.2020 06:51:27	
4 Device Information >	Uptime	2 d, 21:41:45	
© Eltex Enterprise LTD			Firmware Version: 6 (Web Version: )

User interface window is divided into five general areas:

- 1. 'Test mode' button start the configuration testing mode.
- 2. Menu tabs categorize the submenu tabs: Monitoring, Radio, VAP, WDS, Network Settings, System.
- 3. Interface language selection and Logout button designed to to end a session in the web interface under a given user.
- 4. Submenu tabs allows controlling the settings field.
- 5. Device configuration field displays data and configuration.
- 6. Information field displays current firmware version.

## 4.5 The 'Monitoring' menu

The 'Monitoring' menu displays the current system status.

#### 4.5.1 The 'Wi-Fi Clients' submenu

The 'Wi-Fi clients' submenu displays information about the status of connected Wi-Fi clients, traffic statistics and link speed testing.

JE	JTE:	X	W	OP	-2ac-L	R5																	O Test 0	Changes
Monitoring	Radio	VAP	WDS	Netw	ork Settings	System																	en 👻	(logout)
	Wi-F	i Clients >		s #	Hostname	IP Address	MAC	Interface	Link Capacity	Link Quality	Link Quality Common	RSSI, dBm	SNR, dB	Remote RSSI, dBm		Remote SNR, dB	TxRate	RxRate	Actual TX Rate, Mbps	Actual RX Rate, Mbps	BW, MHz	Version	Uptime	Action
	Traffic Scan En	c Statistics wironment		× 1	WB-2p- LR5	10.24.80.41	e0:d9:e3:7c:d4:e0	wlan1- va0	11 (not changed)	63 (not changed)	63	-47 / -41	44 / 50	-34/-28	C	58/59	VHT NSS2- MCS8 780	VHT NSS2- MCS5 468	0	0	80	2.6.0.21	00:16:11	Kick
	Network In	Events	S	Speed Advan	I Testing >	Statistics																		

For ease of monitoring, there is an option to select the parameters to display. To do this, click on the
 icon. If you click the 'By Defaults' button, the default settings will be set.

- # number of the connected device in the list;
- · Hostname network name of the device;
- · IP Address IP address of the connected device;
- MAC MAC address of the connected device;
- · Interface WOP-2ac-LR5 interface for interaction with the connected device;
- Link Capacity parameter that reflects the efficiency of modulation on the transmission used by an access point. It is calculated based on the number of packets transmitted to the client on each modulation, and the reduction factors. The maximum value is 100% (means that all packets are transmitted to the client at maximum modulation for the maximum nss type supported by the client). The minimum value is 2% (in the case when the packets are transmitted on the modulation nss1mcs0 for a client with MIMO 3x3 support). The parameter value is calculated for the last 10 s;
- Link Quality parameter that displays the status of the link to the client, calculated based on the number of retransmit packets sent to the client. The maximum value is 100% (all transmitted packets were sent on the first attempt), the minimum value is 0% (no packets were successfully sent to the client). The parameter value is calculated for the last 10 s;
- Link Quality Common parameter that displays the status of the link to the client, calculated based on the number of retransmitted packets sent to the client. The maximum value is 100% (all transmitted packets were sent on the first attempt), the minimum value is 0% (no packets were successfully sent to the client). The parameter value is calculated for all the time the client is connected;
- RSSI received signal level, dBm;
- SNR signal/noise ratio, dB;
- · Remote RSSI output of the received signal level from the subscriber station, dBm;
- Remote SNR output of the signal/noise ratio level from the subscriber station, dB;
- TxRate channel data rate of transmission, Mbps;
- *RxRate* channel data rate of receiving, Mbps;
- Actual TX Rate average data transfer rate for the last 10 seconds, Mbps;
- Actual RX Rate average data reception rate for the last 10 seconds, Mbps;
- BW radio channel bandwidth, MHz;
- *Version* firmware version of the WB-2P-LR5 subscriber station. Subscriber station should have the firmware version 2.4.1 and higher;
- Uptime Wi-Fi client connection time;

- Action when clicking on the 'Kick' button, the Wi-Fi connection with the subscriber station will be broken. Subscriber station will reconnect.
- The Remote RSSI and Remote SNR values are not updated in real time. To request the current values, click <sup>2</sup>, after which the information in the fields will be updated within 10 seconds.

The 'Speed Testing' subsection is designed to test the speed of the link in the direction from the base station to the subscriber station and back:

- Downlink speed test will be performed in the direction from the base station to the subscriber station;
- *Uplink* speed test will be performed in the direction from the subscriber station to the base station;
- *Downlink+Uplink* speed test will be performed alternately in each direction.

The test is performed with TCP traffic and lasts 10 seconds for one direction. The test can only be run to one subscriber station at a time. Subscriber station must have firmware version 2.4.4 or higher.

To run the test, select the direction and click the 'Run' button. After completing the test, the result will be displayed in the appropriate field.

By default, VLAN 7 and subnet 192.0.4.0/24 are used for the test. If the network already uses this subnet and VLAN, you should change the settings for the test so that they do not overlap with existing networks. This can be done through the CLI. The process is described in more detail in section 'Speed Testing'.

The 'Advanced Traffic Statistics' subsection contains information about the amount of transmitted and received traffic, errors and retries, the current speed and packet statistics by modulation.

Total TX / RX bytes	301 012 052 / 181 14	45 707			Fails packets	0
Total TX / DX packets	202 807 ( 122 695	203 807 / 122 695				0
Total TX / RX, packets	203 007 / 122 095	203 807 7 122 695			r Reli y, packets	0
Data TX / RX, bytes	295 712 409 / 177 9	295 712 409 / 177 954 809				72 494
Data TX / RX, packets	203 787 / 122 654			Actual TX /	RX Rate, kbps	0 / 0
	Rate	TX Packets		RX Packe	ts	
	OFDM6	22	0%	103	0%	
	NSS1-MCS0	0	0%	29	0%	
	NSS1-MCS1	0	0%	1039	1%	
	NSS1-MCS2	0	0%	3060	2%	
	NSS1-MCS3	2	0%	59	0%	
	NSS1-MCS4	182858	90%	50435	41%	
	NSS1-MCS5	5565	3%	218	0%	
	NSS1-MCS6	0	0%	56	0%	
	NSS2-MCS0	0	0%	4057	3%	
	NSS2-MCS1	0	0%	7061	6%	
	NSS2-MCS2	4534	2%	48494	40%	
	NSS2-MCS3	10826	5%	8083	7%	

- Total TX / RX, bytes the number of bytes sent/received on the connected device;
- Total TX / RX, packets the number of packets sent/received on the connected device;
- Data TX / RX, bytes the number of data bytes sent/received on the connected device;
- Data TX / RX, packets the number of data packets sent/received on the connected device;
- Fails, packets the number of packets sent with errors to the connected device;
- *TX Period Retry, packets* the number of retransmissions to the connected device in the last 10 seconds;
- TX Retry Count, packets the number of retransmissions to the connected device during all the time of connection;
- Actual TX / RX Rate, kbps average data transfer rate for the last 10 seconds.

#### 4.5.2 The 'WDS' submenu

The 'WDS' submenu displays information about the status of WOP-2ac-LR5 connected via WDS.

đ	#	Hostname	IP Address	MAC	Interface	Link Capacity	Link Quality	Link Quality Common	RSSI, dBm	SNR, dB	Rem dBm	note RSSI, n		Remote dB	SNR,	TxRate	RxRate	TX BW, MHz	RX BW, MHz	Uptime
~	1	WOP-2ac- LR5	<u>10.24.80.86</u>	e0:d9:e3:7c:d4:e0	wlan1	53	57	50	-34 / -3	7 55/50		-33/-28	C	49)	58	VHT NSS2-MCS5 468	0	80	20	00:01:49
				Total TX / RX,	bytes	99 561 / 90 096							F	ails, pac	kets	1				
				Total TX / RX, pa	ackets	1 018 / 397						TX Pe	eriod R	etry, pac	kets	11				
				Data TX / RX,	bytes	66 645 / 72 872						TX Re	etry Co	ount, pac	kets	84				
				Data TX / RX, pa	ackets	993 / 373						Actual	TX / R	X Rate, I	bps:	1/0				
					Rate			TX Packets		RX Pack	kets									
					OFDM6			26	3%	396		100%								
					OFDM36			1	0%	0		0%								
					OFDM54			732	72%	0		0%								
					NSS1-MO	CS4		4	0%	0		0%								
					NSS1-M	C \$5		5	0%	0		0%								
					NSS1-M	CS6		6	1%	0		0%								
					NSS1-M	C \$7		10	1%	0		0%								
					NSS1-M	C \$8		23	2%	0		0%								
					NSS1-MO	C \$9		33	3%	0		0%								
					NSS2-MO	C \$3		10	1%	0		0%								
					NSS2-MO	CS4		61	6%	0		0%								
					NSS2-MO	CS5		59	6%	0		0%								
					NSS2-MO	CS6		39	4%	0		0%								
					NSS2-MO	CS7		9	1%	0		0%								

For ease of monitoring, there is an option to select the parameters to display. To do this, click on the icon. If you click the 'By Defaults' button, the default settings will be set.

- # number of the connected device in the list;
- · Hostname network name of the device;
- · IP address IP address of the connected device;
- · MAC address MAC address of the connected device;
- · Interface WOP-2ac-LR5 interface for interaction with the connected device;
- Link Capacity parameter that reflects the efficiency of modulation on the transmission used by an access point. It is calculated based on the number of packets transmitted to the client on each modulation, and the reduction factors. The maximum value is 100% (means that all packets are transmitted to the client at maximum modulation for the maximum nss type supported by the client). The minimum value is 2% (in the case when the packets are transmitted on the modulation nss1mcs0 for a client with MIMO 3x3 support). The parameter value is calculated for the last 10 s;
- Link Quality parameter that displays the status of the link to the client, calculated based on the number of retransmit packets sent to the client. The maximum value is 100% (all transmitted packets were sent on the first attempt), the minimum value is 0% (no packets were successfully sent to the client). The parameter value is calculated for the last 10 s;
- Link Quality Common parameter that displays the status of the link to the client, calculated based on the number of retransmitted packets sent to the client. The maximum value is 100% (all transmitted packets were sent on the first attempt), the minimum value is 0% (no packets were successfully sent to the client). The parameter value is calculated for all the time the client is connected;
- RSSI received signal level, dBm;
- SNR signal/noise ratio, dB;
- · Remote RSSI output of the received signal level from the subscriber station, dBm;
- Remote SNR output of the signal/noise ratio level from the subscriber station, dB;
- TxRate channel data rate of transmission, Mbps;
- RxRate channel data rate of receiving, Mbps;
- TxBW transmission bandwidth, MHz;

- RxBW receive bandwidth, MHz;
- Uptime connection uptime.
- Total TX / RX, bytes the number of bytes sent/received on the connected device;
- Total TX / RX, packets the number of packets sent/received on the connected device;
- Data TX / RX, bytes the number of data bytes sent/received on the connected device;
- · Data TX / RX, packets the number of data packets sent/received on the connected device;
- · Fails, packets the number of packets sent with errors to the connected device;
- TX Period Retry, packets the number of retransmissions to the connected device in the last 10 s.
- TX Retry Count, packets the number of retransmissions to the connected device during the entire connection.
- Actual TX / RX Rate, Kbps the current traffic transmission rate.

The Remote RSSI and Remote SNR values are not updated in real time. To request the current values, click 2, after which the information in the fields will be updated within 10 seconds.

#### 4.5.3 The 'Traffic Statistics' submenu

The 'Traffic Statistics' section displays the diagrams of the traffic transmission/reception speed for last 3 minutes, as well as information on the amount of transmitted/received traffic since the access point was turned on.



The LAN Tx/Rx diagram shows the speed of the traffic transmission/reception via the access point's Ethernet interface in last 3 minutes. The The diagram is automatically updated every 2 seconds.

The WLAN Tx/Rx diagram shows the speed of the traffic transmission/reception via the access point's Radio interfaces in last 3 minutes. The diagram is automatically updated every 2 seconds.

#### 'Transmit' table description:

- Interface name of the interface;
- Total Packets number of successfully sent packets;
- Total Bytes number of successfully sent bytes;
  Total Drop number of rejected packets;
- Errors number of errors.

Transmit ~				
Interface	Total Packets	Total Bytes	Total Drop	Errors
LAN	161731	74660548	0	0
WLAN	16270	2514464	0	0
wlan1-va0	16270	2514464	4009	0
wlan1-va1	0	0	0	0
wlan1-va2	0	0	0	0
wlan1-va3	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds0	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds1	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds2	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds3	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds4	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds5	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds6	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds7	0	0	0	0

#### 'Receive' table description:

- Interface name of the interface;
- · Total Packets number of successfully received packets;
- Total Bytes number of successfully received bytes;
- Total Drop number of rejected packets;
- Errors number of errors.

Receive ~				
Interface	Total Packets	Total Bytes	Total Drop	Errors
LAN	91817	22490363	743	0
WLAN	1890	2135060	0	0
wlan1-va0	1890	2135060	0	0
wlan1-va1	0	0	0	0
wlan1-va2	0	0	0	0
wlan1-va3	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds0	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds1	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds2	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds3	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds4	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds5	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds6	0	0	0	0
wlan1-wds7	0	0	0	0

#### 4.5.4 The 'Scan Environment' submenu

In the 'Scan Environment' submenu, the radio environment scanning and neighboring access points detection are carried out.

LELTEX V	WOP-2ac-LR5			O Test C	hanges
Monitoring Radio VAP WDS	Network Settings System			en 👻	(logout)
Wi-Fi Clients	Scan Last scan was 29.06.	2021 11:17:20			
WDS Traffic Statistics	SSID	Security Mode	MAC	Channel / Bandwidth	RSSI, dBm
Scan Environment >	hotspot	Open	A8:E9:4B:B4:99:71	52/20	-67
Evente	hotspot_hotwifi	Open	A8:E3:4B:B4:99:70	52/20	-67
Events	cloud	Open	3D:F9:4B:B4:99:76	52/20	-68
Network Information	Enterprise	WPA_1X/WPA2_1X	A4:F9:4B:B4:99:73	52/20	-68
Radio Information	spot_hotwifi	Open	A8:F9:4B:B5:99:72	52/20	-68
Device Information	Enterprise_TLS	WPA_1X/WPA2_1X	A8:F9:4B:B4:88:74	52/20	-68
	Eltex-Local	WPA2_1X	E8:28:E3:5C:D6:52	48/20	-71

After clicking on the 'Scan' button, the process will be launched. After the scan is completed, a list of detected access points and information about them will appear:

- SSID SSID of the detected access point;
- · Security Mode security mode of the detected access point;
- MAC MAC address of the detected access point;
- · Channel/Bandwidth radio channel on which the detected access point operates;
- RSSI the level with which the device receives the signal of the detected access point, dBm.

Please note that during the environment scanning, the device's radio interface will be disabled, which will make it impossible to transfer data to Wi-Fi clients.

#### 4.5.5 The 'Events' submenu

In this section, you can view a list of real-time informational messages which contains the following information:

Sel	TEX w	/OP-2ac	-LR5			O Test Changes
Monitoring	Radio VAP WDS	Network Setting	is System			en 👻 (logout)
	Wi-Fi Clients	C Refresh	🛱 Clear			
	WDS	Date and Time	Туре	Service	Message	
	Traffic Statistics	Jan 1 03:00:28	daemon.info	networkd[1042]	DHCP-client: Interface br0 obtained lea	ase on 10.24.80.90.
	Scan Environment	Jan 1 03:00:28	daemon.info	networkd[1042]	Networkd started	
	Events >	Jan 1 03:00:28	daemon.info	syslogd[1352]	started: BusyBox v1.21.1	
	Network Information	Jan 1 00:00:11	daemon.info	init	starting pid 1052, tty ": '-/bin/sh'	
	Radio Information	Jan 1 00:00:09	daemon.info	configd[1011]	The AP startup configuration was loade	ed successfully.
	Device Information	Jan 1 00:00:07	daemon.info	syslogd[980]	started: BusyBox v1.21.1	

- Date and Time time when the event was generated;
- Type category and importance level of the event;
- Service name of the process that generated the message;
- Message event description.

Level	Message importance level	Description
0	Emergency	A critical error has occurred in the system, the system can go wrong.
1	Alert	Immediate intervention in the system is required.
2	Critical	A critical error has occurred in the system.
3	Error	An error has occurred in the system.
4	Warning	Warning, non-emergency message.
5	Notice	System notice, non-emergency message.
6	Informational	Informational system messages.
7	Debug	Debugging messages provide the user with information for correct system configuration.

#### 4.5.6 The 'Network Information' submenu

In the 'Network Information' submenu common network settings of the device can be viewed.

LELTEX W	VO	P-2ac-LR	5			© Test C	hanges
Monitoring Radio VAP WDS	Ne	twork Settings S	ystem			en 👻	(logout)
Wi-Fi Clients	W	/AN Status					
WDS		Interface	br0				
Traffic Statistics		Protocol	DHCP				
Soon Environment		IP Address	10.24.80.90				
Scan Environment		RX Bytes	5.7 MiB (6 027 519	bytes)			
Events		TX Bytes	7.5 MiB (7 878 713	bytes)			
Network Information >	Et	thernet					
Radio Information		Link Status	Up				
Device Information		Speed	1000				
		Duplex	Full				
	S	FP					
		SFP Module Status	Off				
	A	RP ~					
	#	IP Address		MAC			
	0	10.24.80.68		50:3E:AA:06:1B:0	26		
	1	10.24.80.1		E0:D9:E3:E8:E1:4	40		
	R	outes ~					
	#	Interface	Destination	Gateway	Netmask	Fla	igs
	0	br0	0.0.0.0	10.24.80.1	0.0.0.0	UG	3
	1	br0	10.24.80.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	

#### WAN Status:

- · Interface name of the bridge interface;
- · Protocol a protocol used to access the WAN;
- · IP address device IP address in external network;
- RX Bytes number of bytes received on WAN;
- TX Bytes number of bytes sent from WAN;

#### Ethernet:

- Link Status Ethernet port status;
- Speed Ethernet port connection speed;
- *Duplex* data transfer mode:
  - Full full duplex;
  - Half half duplex.

## <u>SFP</u>

- SFP-module Status indicates presence/absence of SFP module;
- · Link Status optical interface operation status;
- Tx Fault transceiver failure indication;
- LOS signal loss;
- Speed data transfer rate;

- Temperature current temperature of the SFP module;
- Voltage SFP module supply voltage;
- Current SFP module laser bias current;
- Emission power transceiver output power;
- Receiver power receiver input power.

#### <u>ARP</u>

The ARP table contains information about mapping of neighboring network devices' IP and MAC addresses:

- IP address device IP address;
- *MAC* device MAC address.

#### Routes:

- Interface name of the bridge interface;
- Destination IP address of destination host or subnet that the route is established to;
- Gateway IP address of a gateway used for the access to the Destination;
- Netmask subnet mask;
- Flags certain route characteristics. The following flag values exist:
  - U means that the route is created and passable;
  - H identifies the route to the specific host;
  - G means that the route lies through the external gateway. System network interface provides routes to networks with direct connection. All other routes lie through external gateways. G flag is used for all routes except for the routes to the direct connection networks.
  - **R** indicates that the route was most likely created by a dynamic routing protocol running on the local system using the reinstate parameter;
  - D indicates that the route was added as a result of receiving an ICMP Redirect Message. When the system learns the route from the ICMP Redirect message, the route will be added into the routing table in order to prevent redirection of the following packets intended for the same destination.
  - M means that the route was modified likely by a dynamic routing protocol running on a local system with the 'mod' parameter applied;
  - A points to a buffered route, which an entry in the ARP table corresponds to.
  - C means that the core routing buffer is the route source;
  - L indicates that one of the addresses of the computer is the route destination. Such "local routes" exist in the routing buffer only.
  - B indicates that a broadcasting address is the route destination. Such "broadcast routes" exist in the routing buffer only.
  - I indicates that the route is connected to a ring (loopback) interface for a purpose other than to access the ring network. Such 'internal routes' exist in the routing buffer only.
  - ! means that datagrams sent to the address will be rejected by the system.

### 4.5.7 The 'Radio Information' submenu

In the 'Radio Information' submenu the current status of WOP-2ac-LR5 radio interface is displayed.

Sel	ТЕХ	WOP-2ac-LR2		O Test Changes
Monitoring	Radio VAP W	DS Network Settings Syst	em	en 👻 (logout)
	Wi-Fi Clients	Status	On	
	WDS	MAC	E8:28:C1:DA:E6:20	
1120		Mode	IEEE 802.11b/g/n	
	Traffic Statistics	Channel	1 (2412 MHz)	
	Scan Environment	Channel Bandwidth, MHz	20	
	Events	Noise Level, dBm	-94/-73	
	Network Information	Channel Utilization, %	45	
	Radio Information >			
	Device Information			

The access point radio interfaces can be in two states: 'On' and 'Off'. The Radio status depends on whether the radio interface has virtual access points (VAPs) or wireless bridges (WDS) enabled. In case there is at least one active VAP or configured WDS on the radio interface, Radio will be in the 'On' status, otherwise - 'Off'.

Depending on the Radio status, the following information is available for monitoring:

<u>'Off':</u>

- · Status radio interface state;
- MAC radio interface MAC address;
- *Mode* radio interface operation mode according to IEEE 802.11 standards.

<u>'On'</u>:

- · Status radio interface state;
- MAC radio interface MAC address;
- Mode radio interface operation mode according to IEEE 802.11 standards;
- Channel number of the wireless channel on which the radio interface is running;
- Channel Bandwidth bandwidth of the channel on which the radio interface is running, MHz;
- Noise Level level of the noise in the radio channel, dBm;
- Channel Utilization channel occupancy information expressed as percentage.
## 4.5.8 The 'Cluster Synchronization' submenu

This submenu contains information about the status of the inter-sectoral synchronization (ISS) and all cluster members.

## The submenu is only available for WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC devices.

Possible status values:

- Running transmission synchronization process is started between the BSs;
- Waiting cluster ready the process of waiting for all cluster members to be ready to start synchronization;
- Disabled ISS is disabled in the base station settings.

SELTEX V	VOP-2ac-LR5 SYI	NC	O Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP WDS	Network Settings System		en 👻 (logout)
Wi-Fi Clients	Status Waiting clu	ister ready	
WDS	# MAC	Ready	Master
Traffic Statistics	1 E8:28:C1:EF:22:40	✓ Ready	✓ Yes
Scan Environment	2 E8:28:C1:EF:22:30	× Not ready	× No
Events	3 E8:28:C1:EF:22:00	× Not ready	× No
Network Information	4 E8:28:C1:EF:21:E0	✓ Ready	× No
Radio Information			
Cluster Synchronization >			
Device Information			

Information on cluster members:

- # number in the list;
- MAC MAC addresses of base stations included in a given ISS cluster;
- *Ready* readiness state of the cluster member. Possible states:
  - Ready this BS has communication with all other cluster members and is ready to start the synchronization process;
  - Not ready this BS has no connection with at least one other cluster member, which is specified in its configuration on the Radio/Synchronization page.
- Master flag defining the master in the ISS cluster.

The line with the information about the specified BS is highlighted in blue.

## 4.5.9 The 'Device Information' submenu

The 'Device Information' submenu displays main WOP-2ac-LR5 parameters.

SELTEX	WOP-2ac-LR5	5	@ Test 0	Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP	WDS Network Settings Sys	stem	en 🔻	(logout)
Wi-Fi Clier	ts Product	WOP-2ac-LR5		
WE	Hardware Version	1.3		
	Factory MAC Address	E0:D9:E3:90:89:20		
Traffic Statisti	cs Serial Number	WP2A000045		
Scan Environme	nt Software Version			
Even	ts Backup Version			
Network Information	on Boot Version			
Dadio Informati	System Time	10.08.2020 06:14:17		
Radio Informatio	Uptime	0 d, 00:04:45		
Device Information	1>			

- Product device model name;
- Hardware Version device hardware version;
- · Factory MAC Address device WAN interface MAC address set by the manufacturer;
- · Serial Number device serial number set by manufacturer;
- · Software Version device firmware version;
- Backup Version previously installed firmware version;
- Boot Version device bootloader firmware version;
- System Time current time and date set in system;
- Uptime the time since the last time the device was turned on or restarted.

## 4.6 The 'Radio' menu

In the 'Radio' menu the wireless interface can be configured.

## 4.6.1 The 'Radio' submenu

In the 'Radio' submenu, the device radio interface's parameters are configured.

<b>Δ</b> ειτεχ	WOP-2ac-LR5	i	⊙ Test C	hanges
Monitoring Radio VAP WD	S Network Settings Sys	tem	en 👻	(logout)
Radio >	Common			
QoS	Mode	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac 🗸		
	Channel	36 (5170 — 5250 MHz) 🗸		
	Channel Bandwidth, MHz	80 ~		
	Fixed Center Frequency			
	Transmit Power Limit, dBm	24 🗸		
	Fixed Transmit Rate	Auto 🗸		
	ACK Timeout, µs	64		
	Polling			
	MAX TX Duration, ms	10		
	Management Packet Modulation	OFDM24 (24 Mbps)		

- Mode interface operation mode:
  - IEEE 802.11a
  - IEEE 802.11a/n
  - IEEE 802.11a/n/ac
- · Channel data channel selection;
- Channel Bandwidth, MHz bandwidth of a channel on which the base station operates. The parameter may take values of 5, 10, 20, 40 and 80 MHz. Note that channel bandwidth of 80 MHz will operate only according to 802.11ac standard. If the base station has 5 or 10 MHz bandwidth, select the same bandwidth on the user station;
- Fixed center frequency when the flag is checked, all traffic (data and management packets) will be transmitted at the specified channel center frequency with a given bandwidth (40 or 80 MHz). The function is proprietary, transmission is not carried out according to IEEE 802.11 standards, where it is supposed to use different center frequencies for data and management traffic with 40/80 MHz bandwidth;
- Tx Power (dBm) Wi-Fi transmitter signal strength adjustment, dBm;
- Fixed Transmit Rate fixed wireless data transmission rate defined by IEEE 802.11a/n/ac standards;
- ACK Timeout,  $\mu$  s waiting time for packet delivery confirmation from the subscriber;
- Polling when checked, the option is enabled, otherwise disabled. Polling is an option for TDM access
  to the medium (time division). It is characterized by a constant customer survey by the BS:
  - MAX TX Duration, ms time indicating how long the subscriber station can transmit traffic;
  - Management packet modulation fixed rate for management packets.

Advanced ~	
OBSS Coexistence	
DFS Support	Forced ~
Short Guard Interval	
STBC	
Beacon Interval, ms	100
Fragmentation Threshold	2346
RTS Threshold	2347
Frame Aggregation	
Short Preamble	
Broadcast/Multicast Rate Limiting, p/s	
	0
✓ App	ly Cancel

In the 'Advanced' submenu, additional parameters of the device's radio interface are configured.

- *OBSS Coexistence* automatic channel bandwidth reduction mode when the environment is loaded. When the flag is set, the mode is enabled;
- DFS Support dynamic frequency selection mechanism. The mechanism requires wireless devices scan environment and avoid using channels that coincide with channels on which radiolocation systems operate at 5 GHz:
  - Disabled the mechanism is disabled. DFS channels are not available for selection;
  - Enabled the mechanism is enabled;
  - Forced the mechanism is disabled. DFS channels are available for selection.
- Short Guard Interval support for Short Guard interval. Access point transmits data using 400 ns Guard interval (instead of 800 ns) to clients that also support Short GI;
- STBC Space-Time Block Coding method dedicated to improve data transmission reliability. The field is available only if the selected mode of radio interface operation includes 802.11n. When checked, the device transmits one data flow through several antennas. When unchecked, the device does not transmit one data flow through several antennas.
- *Beacon Interval, ms* beacon frames transmission period. The frames are sent to detect access points. The parameter takes values from 20 to 2000 ms, by default 100 ms;
- Fragmentation Threshold frame fragmentation threshold, bytes. The parameter takes values 256-2346, by default – 2346;
- RTS Threshold specifies the number of bytes after which the transmission request will be sent (Request to Send). Decreasing the parameter's value might improve access point operation when there are a lot of clients connected. However, it will reduce general bandwidth of a wireless network. The parameter takes values from 0 to 2347, by default – 2347;
- Frame Aggregation enable support for AMPDU/AMSDU;
- Short Preamble use of the packet short preamble;
- Broadcast/Multicast Rate Limiting, p/s when the flag is set, transmission of broadcast/multicast traffic over the wireless network is restricted. Specify the limit for broadcast traffic in the opened window (packets per second).

To apply a new configuration and save settings to non-volatile memory, click 'Apply'. Click 'Cancel' to discard the changes.

## 4.6.2 The 'QoS' submenu

<b>Δ</b> ειτεχ	WOP-2ac-LR5	5			O Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP WD	S Network Settings Sys	stem			en ▾ (logout)
Radio QoS >	Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) Enable QoS AP EDCA Parameter	☑ ☑ s			
	Queue	AIFS	cwMin	cwMax	TXOP Limit
	Data 3 (Background)	7	15 🗸	1023 🗸	0
	Data 2 (Best Effort)	3	15 🗸	63 🗸	0
	Data 1 (Video)	1	7 🗸	15 🗸	94
	Data 0 (Voice)	1	3 🗸	7 🗸	47
	Station EDCA Param	eters			
	Queue	AIFS	cwMin	cwMax	TXOP Limit
	Data 3 (Background)	7	15 🗸	1023 🗸	0
	Data 2 (Best Effort)	3	15 🗸	1023 🗸	0
	Data 1 (Video)	2	7 🗸	15 🗸	94
	Data 0 (Voice)	2	3 🗸	7 🗸	47
	✓ Ap	ply X Cancel			

In the 'QoS' submenu, Quality of Service functions are configured.

- WMM enabling WMM support (Wi-Fi Multimedia);
- Enable QoS when the flag is selected, EDCA parameters configuration is available;
- AP EDCA parameters access point settings table (traffic is transmitted from the access point to the client):
  - Queue predefined queues for various kinds of traffic:
    - Data 3 (Background) low priority queue, high bandwidth (802.1p: cs1, cs2 priorities);
    - Data 2 (Best Effort) middle priority queue, middle bandwidth and delay; Most of the traditional IP data is sent to this queue (802.1p: cs0, cs3 priorities);
    - Data 1 (Video) high priority queue, minimal delay. In this queue, time-sensitive video data is automatically processed (802.1p: cs4, cs5 priorities);
    - Data 0 (Voice) high priority queue, minimal delay. In this queue, time sensitive data is automatically processed, such as: VoIP, streaming video (802.1p: cs6, cs7 priorities).
  - AIFS Arbitration Inter-Frame Spacing, defines the waiting time of data frames, measured in slots, takes values (1-255);
  - cwMin the initial timeout value before resending a frame, specified in milliseconds, takes the values 1, 3, 7, 15, 31, 63, 127, 255, 511, 1023. The value of cwMin cannot exceed the value of cwMax;

- cwMax the maximum timeout value before resending a frame, specified in milliseconds, takes the values 1, 3, 7, 15, 31, 63, 127, 255, 511, 1023. The value of cwMax must exceed the value of cwMin;
- *TXOP Limit* this parameter is used only for data transmitted from the client station to the access point. The transmission capability is the time interval, in milliseconds, when the client WME station has the rights to initiate data transmission over the wireless medium to the access point, the maximum value is 65535 milliseconds;
- Station EDCA parameters table of client station settings (traffic is transmitted from the client station to the access point). Table fields are described above.

To apply a new configuration and save settings to non-volatile memory, click 'Apply'. Click 'Cancel' to discard the changes.

#### 4.6.3 The 'Synchronization' submenu

This menu is available for WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC only.	
Contains settings of inter-sectoral synchronization (ISS) for base stations.	

SEI	JTE	X	W	/OP-2ac-L	R5 SYNC		O Test Changes
Monitoring	Radio	VAP	WDS	Network Settings	System		en <del>▼</del> (logout)
	Synch	Rad Qo rronization	io S	Enable Cluster ID MAC Address 1 MAC Address 2 MAC Address 3	<ul> <li>✓</li> <li>E8:28:C1:EF:21:E0</li> <li>E8:28:C1:EF:22:00</li> <li>E8:28:C1:EF:22:30</li> <li>Apply ★ Cancel</li> </ul>	×	

- Enable when checked, ISS mechanism is enabled, otherwise disabled;
- Cluster ID base station cluster ID. By default 0. Used to organize several clusters within one L2 segment to identify control packets of BS ISS included in one cluster;
- MAC address 1..3 MAC addresses of other base stations included in the given ISS cluster.

To apply a new configuration and save settings to non-volatile memory, click 'Apply'. Click 'Cancel' to discard the changes.

## 4.7 The 'VAP' menu

In the 'VAP' menu, virtual Wi-Fi access points (VAP) are configured.

## 4.7.1 The 'Summary' submenu

The 'Summary' submenu displays the settings of all VAPs. You can see the settings of each virtual access point in sections VAP0..3.

SELTE	X	W	OP-	-2ac-l	LR5						Ø	Test Cha	anges
Monitoring Radio	VAP	WDS	Netwo	ork Settings	System						e	n <del>•</del>	(logout)
	Summary	y >	VAP	Enabled	Security Mode	VLAN ID	SSID	Broadcast SSID	VLAN Trunk	General Mode	General VLAN ID	Sta	ation
	VAF	₽0 ₽1	VAP0		Off		WOP-2ac-LR5	<b>~</b>					
	VAF	P2	VAP1		Off		WOP-2ac-LR5-1						
	VAF	P3	VAP2		Off		WOP-2ac-LR5-2						
			VAP3		Off		WOP-2ac-LR5-3						
					✓ A	Apply X Cano	cel						

- VAP0..3 the sequence number of the virtual access point;
- · Enabled when checked, the virtual access point is enabled, otherwise it is disabled;
- · Security Mode the type of data encryption used on the virtual access point;
- VLAN ID number of VLAN from which the tag will be removed when transmitting Wi-Fi traffic to clients connected to this VAP. When traffic flows in the opposite direction, untagged traffic from clients will be tagged with VLAN ID (when VLAN Trunk mode is disabled);
- SSID virtual wireless network name;
- · Broadcast SSID when checked, SSID broadcasting is on, otherwise it is disabled;
- VLAN Trunk when the flag is set, tagged traffic is transmitted to the subscriber;
- General Mode when the flag is set, transmission of untagged traffic jointly with tagged traffic is allowed (available when Trunk VLAN mode is enabled);
- General VLAN ID a tag will be removed from the specified VLAN ID and the traffic of this VLAN will
  pass to the client without a tag. When traffic passes in the opposite direction, untagged traffic will be
  tagged with General VLAN ID;
- Station Isolation when checked, traffic isolation between clients on the same VAP is enabled.

To apply a new configuration and save setting to non-volatile memory, press 'Apply'. Press 'Cancel' to discard the changes.

## 4.7.2 The 'VAP' submenu

Δειτεχ	WOP-2ac-LR	5 O Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP	WDS Network Settings Sy	en 👻 (logout)
Summary	Common Settings	
VAP0 >	Enabled	
VAP1	VLAN ID	
VAP2	2 SSID	WOP-2ac-LR5-test
VAP3	Broadcast SSID	
	VLAN Trunk	
	General Mode	
	General VLAN ID	
	Station Isolation	
	Priority	DSCP ~
	Maximum Stations	0
	Security Mode	WPA/WPA2-Enterprise

## Common Settings

- Enabled when checked, the virtual access point is enabled, otherwise it is disabled;
- VLAN ID number of VLAN from which the tag will be removed when transmitting Wi-Fi traffic to clients connected to this VAP. When traffic flows in the opposite direction, untagged traffic from clients will be tagged with VLAN ID (when VLAN Trunk mode is disabled);
- SSID virtual wireless network name;
- Broadcast SSID when checked, SSID broadcasting is on, otherwise it is disabled;
- VLAN Trunk when the flag is set, tagged traffic is transmitted to the subscriber;
- General Mode when the flag is set, transmission of untagged traffic jointly with tagged traffic is allowed (available when Trunk VLAN mode is enabled);
- General VLAN ID a tag will be removed from the specified VLAN ID and the traffic of this VLAN will
  pass to the client without a tag. When traffic passes in the opposite direction, untagged traffic will be
  tagged with General VLAN ID;
- Station Isolation when checked, traffic isolation between clients on the same VAP is enabled.
- Priority prioritization method. Specifies the field on the basis of which traffic transmitted to the radio interface will be allocated to the WMM queues:
  - DSCP will analyze the priority from the DSCP field of the IP packet header; if the DSCP value in tagged packets is 0, then the priority from the CoS field (802.1p) will be analyzed;
  - 802.1p will analyze the priority from the CoS (Class of Service) field of the tagged packets; if the
    priority is overridden by VLAN mapping rules, the priority set for transmissions to the radio
    channel will be analyzed.
- · Maximum Stations the maximum number of clients connected to the virtual network;
- Security Mode wireless access security mode:
  - Off do not use encryption for data transfer. The access point is available for any subscriber to connect;
  - WPA, WPA2, WPA/WPA2 encryption methods for which the following setting will be available:

- WPA Key key/password required to connect to the virtual access point. The length of the key is from 8 to 63 characters;
- WPA-Enterprise, WPA2-Enterprise, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise wireless channel encryption mode, according to which the client is authorized on the centralized RADIUS server. To configure this security mode, you must specify the parameters of the RADIUS server. You also need to specify a key for the RADIUS server. If you select one of the methods, the RADIUS server parameters configuration will be available:

RADIUS	
Domain	root
Address of RADIUS Server	192.168.0.1
Port of RADIUS Server	1812
Password of RADIUS Server	•••••
Use Accounting through RADIUS	
Use Other Settins For Accounting	
IP Address of RADIUS Server for Accounting	192.168.0.1
Port of RADIUS Server for Accounting	1813
Password of RADIUS Server for Accounting	
Use Periodic Accounting	
Accounting Interval	600

- Domain user domain;
- · IP Address of RADIUS Server RADIUS server address;
- Port of RADIUS Server port of the RADIUS server used for authentication and authorization;
- Password of RADIUS Server password for the RADIUS server used for authentication and authorization;
- Use Accounting through RADIUS when checked, 'Accounting' messages will be sent to the RADIUS server;
- Use Other Settings For Accounting
  - IP Address of RADIUS Server for Accounting address of the RADIUS server used for accounting;
  - Port of RADIUS Server for Accounting port that will be used for accounting on the RADIUS server;
  - Password of RADIUS Server for Accounting password for the RADIUS server used for accounting;
  - Use Periodic Accounting enable periodic sending of 'Accounting' messages to the RADIUS server. You can set the interval for sending messages in the 'Accounting Interval' field.

#### Shapers

- Show display configuration field;
- VAP Limit Down restriction of bandwidth in the direction from the access point to the clients (in total) connected to the VAP, Kbps;
- VAP Limit Up restriction of bandwidth in the direction from the clients (in total) connected to the VAP, to the access point, Kbps;
- STA Limit Down restriction of bandwidth in the direction from the access point to the clients (each individually) connected to the VAP, Kbps;
- STA Limit Up restriction of bandwidth in the direction from the clients (each individually) connected to the VAP, to the access point, Kbps.

Shapers		
Show		
VAP Limit Down	0	kbps
VAP Limit Up	0	kbps
STA Limit Down	0	kbps
STA Limit Up	0	kbps

## MAC ACL

This subsection configures lists of MAC addresses of clients that, depending on the access policy selected, are allowed or denied to connect to this VAP.

MAC ACL			
Enabled			
Policy	Deny	~	
	List of MAC Address	es	
1	66:D4:B6:83:C2:9E	-	×
2	66:D4:B6:82:C1:9C	*	×
3	66:D4:B6:83:C2:9A	Ŧ	×
	+		
🗸 🗸	ply X Cancel		

- · Enabled when checked, the selected access policy will work;
- Policy access policy. Possible values:
  - Deny clients whose MAC addresses are listed will not be allowed to connect to this VAP. Everyone else will be allowed access to this VAP;
  - Allow clients whose MAC addresses are listed will be allowed to connect to this VAP. Everyone else will be denied access.
- List of MAC Addresses list of MAC addresses of clients that are allowed or denied access to this VAP. May contain up to 128 addresses.



delete the address from the list, click the  $\left| {}^{\star} \right|$  button in the corresponding line.

If you need to add to the list the MAC address of a client that is currently connected to the base station, click

the button at the end of the line and select the desired address from the list, it will be automatically added to the field.

By default, up to 10 addresses are displayed in the list. To see the full list if it contains more than 10 addresses, click 'Show all'.



To apply a new configuration and save settings to non-volatile memory, click 'Apply'. Click 'Cancel' to discard the changes.

## 4.8 The 'WDS' menu

In the 'WDS' menu, wireless bridges are configured for WOP-2ac-LR5.

When configuring a WDS connection, the same channel and channel width should be selected in the radio interface settings of devices that will be connected via WDS.

#### 4.8.1 The 'WDS' submenu

SELTE	X W	/OP-2ac-L	R5		⑦ Test Changes
Monitoring Radio	VAP WDS	Network Settings	System		en 👻 (logout)
	WDS >	Enabl Secur WPA K	ed 🗹 itty WPA2 🗸		
		VVDS LINKS	MAC	Fixed Transmit Rate	
		Link0 🗹	E0:D9:E3:49:77:90	Auto	~
		Link1	11:11:11:11:11	Auto	~
		Link2	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	Auto	~
		Link3 🗆	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	Auto	~
		Link4	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	Auto	~
		Link5	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	Auto	~
		Link6	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	Auto	~
		Link7	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX	Auto	~
			Apply Cancel		

- Enabled when the flag is set, the wireless bridge mode is enabled; otherwise, it is disabled;
- Security wireless network access security mode:
  - Off do not use encryption for data transfer;
  - WPA2 encryption method for which the following setting is available:

- WPA Key key/password required to connect to the opposite access point. The key length is from 8 to 63 characters.
- Link X (where X=0..7) enable wireless bridge link;
- MAC MAC address of the opposite device to which the wireless bridge is configured;
- *Fixed Transmit Rate* fixed wireless data transmission rate which defined by IEEE 802.11a/n/ac standards and selected individually for each link.

To apply the new configuration and save the settings to the non-volatile memory, click 'Apply'. To cancel the changes click the 'Cancel' button.

## 4.9 The 'Network Settings' menu

#### 4.9.1 The 'System Configuration' submenu

<b>Δ</b> ειτεχ	<	WOP-2ac-L	R5			O Test C	hanges
Monitoring Radio V	AP WE	OS Network Settings	System			en 👻	(logout)
System Configu	uration >	Hostna	me	WOP-2ac-LR5			
	Access	Management VL	AN	Forwarding	~		
		VLAN					
		Proto	col	Static	~		
		Statio	IP	192.168.1.10			
		Netma	ask	255.255.255.0			
		Gatev	vay	XXX:XXX:XXX:XXX			
		Primary DNS Ser	ver	XXX:XXX:XXX:XXX			
		Secondary DNS Ser	ver	XXX:XXX:XXX:XXX			
		Local Manageme	nt via Et	hernet			
		Enab	led 🗸	l.			
		Statio	: IP	192.0.3.1			
		Netma	ask	255.255.255.0			
			<ul> <li>Apply</li> </ul>	X Cancel			

- Hostname network name of the device specified by a string from 1 to 63 characters; latin uppercase and lowercase letters, numbers, hyphen '-' (hyphen can not be the last character in the name);
- Management VLAN:
  - · Disabled Management VLAN is not used;
  - Terminating the mode where the management VLAN is terminated at the access point; in this
    case, clients connected via the radio interface do not have access to this VLAN;
  - *Forwarding* the mode where the management VLAN is also transmitted to the radio interface (with the appropriate VAP configuration).
- VLAN ID the VLAN ID used to access the device, takes values 1-4094;
- Protocol protocol that will be used to connect the device to service provider network via Ethernet interface:
  - DHCP- operation mode where IP address, subnet mask, DNS server address, defualt gateway and other parameters required for operation are obtained from DHCP server automatically;

- *Static* operation mode where IP address and all the necessary parameters for WAN interface are assigned statically. If 'Static' is selected, the following parameters will be available to configure:
  - Static IP device WAN interface IP address in the provider network;
  - Netmask external subnet mask;
  - Gateway address to which a packet is sent, if the route has not been found in a routing table;
- Primary DNS Server, Secondary DNS Server IP addresses of DNS servers. If DNS servers' addresses are not allocated automatically via DHCP, set them manually.
- Local Management via Ethernet<sup>1</sup> enables the device accessibility without tag via Ethernet.
  - Enabled activates the device accessibility without tag via Ethernet;
  - Static IP IP address of the Ethernet interface in local network (by deafult 192.0.3.1);
  - Netmask subnet mask.

To apply a new configuration and save settings to non-volatile memory, click 'Apply'. Click 'Cancel' to discard the changes.

<sup>1</sup> The setting is available only in Terminating and Forwarding modes.

#### 4.9.2 The 'Access' submenu

In the 'Access' submenu, access to the device via the web interface, Telnet, SSH, NETCONF and SNMP is configured.

Ь€	ιτε	X	N	/OP-2ac-L	R5		🛛 Test C	hanges
Monitoring	Radio	VAP	WDS	Network Settings	Syste	em	en 🕶	(logout)
	System C	onfiguratio	on \$ >	W HTTP F WEB-HTT HTTPS F	EB Port PS	<ul> <li>✓</li> <li>80</li> <li>✓</li> <li>✓</li> </ul>		
				Tel	net SH	2		
				NETCO SN	NF MP ✔ Appl	y X Cancel		

- To enable HTTP access to the device via the web interface via HTTP protocol, set the flag in front of 'WEB'. In the opened window, it is possible to change the HTTP port (by default, 80). In addition to the default one, ports can take values from 1025 to 65535 inclusive;
- To enable access to the device via the web interface via HTTPS protocol, set the flag in front of 'WEB-HTTPS'. In the opened window, it is possible to change the HTTPS port (by default, 443). In addition to the default one, ports can take values from 1025 to 65535 inclusive;

#### **Over that the ports for the HTTP and HTTPS protocols should not have the same value.**

- · To enable access to the device via Telnet, select the checkbox in front of 'Telnet';
- To enable access to the device via SSH, select the checkbox in front of 'SSH';
- · To enable access to the device via NETCONF, select the checkbox in front of 'NETCONF';

*WOP-2ac-LR5* software allows device status and sensors monitoring via SNMP. The device has support for SNMPv1, SNMPv2.

SNMP	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	
roCommunity	public	
rwCommunity	private	
TrapSink		
Trap2Sink		
InformSink		
Sys Name	WOP-2ac-LR5	
Sys Contact	Contact	
Sys Location	Russia	
Trap Community	trap	

To change the SNMP agent parameters, select the checkbox in front of 'SNMP'. After this the following parameters will become available.

- roCommunity a password to read the parameters (by default: public);
- rwCommunity a password to configure (write) parameters (by default: private);
- TrapSink IP address or domain name of SNMPv1-trap message recipient in HOST [COMMUNITY [PORT]] format;
- Trap2Sink IP address or domain name of SNMPv2-trap message recipient in HOST [COMMUNITY [PORT]] format;
- InformSink IP address or domain name of Inform message recipient in HOST [COMMUNITY [PORT]] format;
- Sys Name device name;
- Sys Contact device vendor contact information;
- Sys Location device location information;
- Trap community password contained in traps (default value: trap).

The list of objects available for reading and configuring via SNMP is given below:

- eltexLtd.1.127.1 monitoring of BS parameters and connected APs;
- eltexLtd.1.127.3 BS management (reboot);

where eltexLtd – 1.3.6.1.4.1.35265 is Eltex Enterprise identifier.

To apply a new configuration and save settings to non-volatile memory, click 'Apply'. Click 'Cancel' to discard the changes.

## 4.10 The 'System' menu

In 'System' submenu, configuration of system, time, syslog as well as password change, configuration upload/ download, firmware update and device reboot can be performed.

4.10.1 The 'Device Firmware Upgrade' submenu

The 'Device Firmware Upgrade' submenu is used to upgrade the device firmware.

SELTEX W	VOP-2ac-LR5	Ø Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP WDS	Network Settings System	en <del>-</del> (logout)
Device Firmware Upgrade >	Active Version	10.1 Said: 107
Configuration	Backup Version	► Set Active
Ping Watchdog	Ĩ	ine ratest infiniware version is available at. http://eitex-co.fu/suppor/downloads/
Reboot	Firmware Image	Start Upgrading
Authentication		
Log		
Date and Time		

- · Active Version firmware version installed on the device and operating at the moment;
- Backup Version firmware version installed on the device which can be used in case of problems without downloading a firmware file;
  - Set Active a button that makes a backup version of the firmware active; this will require a reboot
    of the device. The active firmware version will be set as a backup.

#### Firmware update

Download the firmware file from http://eltex-co.com/support/downloads/ and save it to your computer. To do this, click the 'Choose file' button in the Firmware Image field and specify the path to the firmware file in .tar.gz format.

To start the upgrade process, click the 'Start Upgrading' button. The process may take several minutes (its current status will be shown on the page). The device will be automatically rebooted when the upgrade is completed.

Do not switch off or reboot the device during the firmware upgrade.

In case of upgrading from firmware version 1.2.0 to 1.3.0 firmware version, it is necessary to reset the device to factory settings and reconfigure it according to the usage pattern after the firmware update.

If the firmware is rolled back from version 1.4-1.9 to the 1.3 or lower version, the configuration of the radio interface may be incompatible, therefore, it will be changed. Perform the setup again and then enable the VAP/SSID.

## 4.10.2 The 'Configuration' submenu

In the 'Configuration' submenu current configuration can be saved and restored.

SELTEX	WOP-2ac-LR5		O Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP WDS	Network Settings System	n	en 👻 (logout)
Device Firmware Upgrade	Backup Configuration	C Download	
Configuration >	Restore Configuration	Browse No file selected.	
Ping Watchdog		▲ Upload File	
Reboot	Peset to Default	Save access setting	
Authentication	Configuration	× Reset	
Log			
Date and Time			

#### **Backup Configuration**

To save current device configuration to a local computer, click the 'Download' button.

#### Restore Configuration

To upload the configuration file saved on a local computer, use *Restore Configuration*. To upload the device configuration, click the 'Choose file' button, specify a file (in .tar.gz format) and click the 'Upload File' button. Uploaded configuration will be applied automatically without device reboot.

# Note that all the passwords of configuration are encrypted with a key depending on device MAC address. Before transfering configuration from one device to another, reset all passwords.

To change the passwords, open the configuration file in text editor and edit them. Then save the changes in configuration archive. The example of password changing is shown below:

```
"authentication":{
    "admin-password":"encrypted:7068747570617169"
},
changes to
"authentication":{
    "admin-password":"password"
},
```

#### Reset to Default Configuration

To reset all the settings to default values, click 'Reset' button. If the checkbox 'Save access setting' is selected, configuration parameters that are responsible for access to the device (IP address settings, Telnet/SSH/SNMP/Netconf/Web access settings) will be saved.

#### 4.10.3 The 'Ping Watchdog' submenu

The 'Ping Watchdog' feature allows to detect disconnection issues and to reboot the device or its interfaces without user intervention. Rebooting the interface also reboots the DHCP client on the current WAN interface.

AELTEX V	NOP-2ac-LR5	5	O Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP WDS	Network Settings Sys	stem	en 👻 (logout)
Device Firmware Upgrade	Enabled		
Configuration	Action	Reboot Device 🗸	
Ping Watchdog >	Ping Server	192.168.1.1	
Reboot	Startup Delay	300	
Authentication	ICMP Echo-Request Period	300	
Log	ICMP Echo-Reply Timeout	1	
Date and Time	Maximum Failed Checks	3	
	🗸 Ap	ply Cancel	

- Enabled when the flag is checked, Ping Watchdog is enabled, disabled otherwise;
- Action:
  - Restart Ethernet Interface in case of specified Ping Server unavailability, the Ethernet interface restart will occur;
  - Restart Wireless Interface in case of specified Ping Server unavailability, the Wireless interface restart will occur;
  - Reboot device in case of specified Ping Server unavailability, the device reboot will occur.
- Ping Server IP address or domain hostname where ICMP requests are sent;
- *Startup Delay* time in seconds after starting the device or after previous triggering during which the Ping Watchdog does not operate. Possible values from 60 to 86400 inclusive.
- ICMP Echo-Request Period time in seconds after which ICMP echo request will be sent after receiving ICMP echo reply or after making decision that previous ICMP echo request has failed. Possible values from 1 to 86400 inclusive.
- ICMP Echo-Reply Timeout time in seconds during which ICMP echo reply to ICMP echo request is
  expected. If ICMP echo reply was not received when the time is out, then ICMP echo request is
  considered as a failure. Possible values from 1 to 10 inclusive.
- Maximum Failed Checks maximum number of failed ICMP echo requests. If number of failed ICMP echo requests reaches specified number, a specified action is performed. Possible values from 1 to 86400 inclusive.

#### 4.10.4 The 'Reboot' submenu

To reboot the device, click the 'Reboot' button. The device reboot process takes about 1 minute.

SELTEX V	NOP-2ac-LR5	O Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP WDS	Network Settings System	en ◄ (logout)
Device Firmware Upgrade	Reboot Device C Reboot	
Configuration		
Ping Watchdog		
Reboot >		
Authentication		
Log		
Date and Time		

#### 4.10.5 The 'Authentication' submenu

The 'Authentication' submenu is used to configure user authentication.

#### Factory account to access the device: login: admin, password: password.

It is also possible to create additional accounts with the roles of administrator or viewer (configuration is only available through the CLI). Accounts with the role of administrator have full access to the device: reading and writing any settings, full monitoring of the device status. Accounts with the viewer role have only monitoring access.

The 'Local Password' section is used to change the factory default password for the admin account. This password is stored on the access point. To change the password, enter the new password first in the 'Password' field, then in the 'Confirm Password' field and click 'Apply' in this section to save the new password.

The 'RADIUS Authentication' section configures access to the RADIUS server that will be used to authenticate and authorize the AP user.

SELTEX V	VOP-2ac-LR5			<ul> <li>Test Changes</li> </ul>
Monitoring Radio VAP WDS	Network Settings System	1		en - (logout)
Device Firmware Upgrade	Local password			
Configuration	Password		۲	
Ping Watchdog	Confirm Password		۲	
Reboot Authentication >		y X Cancel		
Log	Radius Authentication			
Date and Time	Address of RADIUS Server	192.168.1.1		
	Port of RADIUS Server	1812	0	
	Password of RADIUS Server	•••••	۲	
	✓ Appl	y X Cancel		

- RADIUS Authentication when this flag is checked, authentication will be performed by the account on the RADIUS server;
- Address of RADIUS Server RADIUS server IP address;
- Port of RADIUS Server RADIUS server port, which is used for authentication and authorization;
- Password of RADIUS Server RADIUS server key, which is used for authentication and authorization.

To apply a new configuration and save settings to non-volatile memory, click 'Apply'. Click 'Cancel' to discard the changes.

When authenticating via RADIUS server, you should create a local account, which is the same as the account on the RADIUS server. The configuration is performed through the CLI. For details see section 'Additional users creation'.

If RADIUS authentication is enabled, but the server is unavailable, authentication will be performed using the local account.

## 4.10.6 The 'Log' submenu

SELTEX	WOP-2ac-LR5			O Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP W	DS Network Settings System			en 👻 (logout)
Device Firmware Upgrade	Mode	Server and File	~	
Configuration	Syslog Server Address	syslog.server		
Ping Watchdog	Syslog Server Port	514	\$	
Reboot	File Size, KiB	1000	\$	
Authentication				
Log >	Apply	Cancel		
Date and Time				

The 'Log' submenu is intended to configure the output of different system debugging messages in order to detect causes of the device operation problems.

- Mode Syslog agent operation mode:
  - Local File log information is stored in a local file and is available in the device's web interface in the 'Monitoring/Events' tab;
  - Server and File log information is sent to a remote Syslog server and stored in a local file.
- Syslog Server Address IP address or domain name of the Syslog server;
- Syslog Server Port port for incoming Syslog server messages (default: 514, valid values: from 1 to 65535);
- File Size, KiB maximum size of the log file (valid values: 1-1000 KiB).

4.10.7 The 'Date and Time' submenu

In the 'Date and Time' submenu, you can set the time manually or using the time synchronization protocol (NTP).

Manual:

SELTEX V	NOP-2ac-LR5		O Test Changes		
Monitoring Radio VAP WDS	Network Settings System		en 👻 (logout)		
Device Firmware Upgrade	Mode	Manual O NTP Server			
Configuration	Date and Time device	12.01.2022 07:24:30 #Edit			
Ping Watchdog	Time Zone	Moscow, Russia			
Reboot	Enable daylight saving time				
Authentication	DST Start	(not selected) (not selected) in (not selected) at	- :		
Log	DST End	(not selected) (not selected) in (not selected) at	:		
Date and Time >	DST Offset (minutes)	60			
✓ Apply X Cancel					

- Date and Time device date and time set on the device. Click the 'Edit' button if the correction is necessary;
  - *Date, Time* set the current date and time or click the 'Set current date and time' button to set the PC time on the device;
- Time Zone allows setting the timezone according to the nearest city for your region from the specified list;
- *Enable daylight saving time* when selected, automatic daylight saving change will be performed automatically within the defined time period:
  - DST Start day and time, when daylight saving time starts;
  - DST End day and time, when daylight saving time ends;
  - DST Offset (minutes) time period in minutes, by which time offset is performed.

## NTP Server:

LELTEX	WOP-2ac-LR5		O Test Changes
Monitoring Radio VAP W	DS Network Settings System	m	en ▾ (logout)
Device Firmware Upgrade	Mode	O Manual () NTP Server	
Configuration	Date and Time device	12.01.2022 07:25:08	
Ping Watchdog	NTP Server	pool.ntp.org	
Reboot	Time Zone	Moscow, Russia	
Authentication	Enable daylight saving time		
Log	DST Start	(not selected) (not selected) in (not se	elected) at :
Date and Time >	DST End	(not selected) (not selected) in (not se	elected) at :
	DST Offset (minutes)	60	
	🗸 App	Viy X Cancel	

- Date and Time device date and time set on the device;
- NTP Server time synchronization server IP address/domain name. You can specify an address or select from the list;
- Time Zone allows to set the time zone according to the nearest city for your region from the list;

To apply a new configuration and save settings to the non-volatile memory, click the 'Apply' button. To discard changes, click the 'Cancel' button.

## 5 Managing the device using the command line

 To enter the configuration mode, enter the configure command. To display the existing settings of a particular configuration section, enter the show-config command. Press the key combination (English layout) – [Shift +?] to get a hint of what value this or that configuration parameter can take. To get a list of options available for editing in this configuration section, press the Tab key. To save the settings, enter the save command. To go back to the previous configuration section, enter the exit command.

To exit the configuration mode, enter the **end** command.

## 5.1 Connection to the device

By default, WOP-2ac-LR5 is configured to receive the address via DHCP. If this does not happen, you can connect to the device using the factory IP address.

WOP-2ac-LR5 factory default IP address: **192.168.1.10**, subnet mask: **255.255.255.0**.

Connection to the device is performed via SSH/Telnet:

ssh admin@<IP address of the device>, then enter the password

telnet <IP address of the device>, enter login and password

## 5.2 Network parameters configuration

## Configuration of access point static network parameters WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# interface WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# br0 WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# static-ip X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - WOP-2ac-LR5 IP address) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# netmask X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - Subnet mask) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# dns-server-1 X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - IP address of the dns server №1) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# dns-server-2 X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - IP address of the dns server №2) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# protocol static-ip (Change operation mode from DHCP to Static-IP) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# save (Save configuration) Adding static route: WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# route WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/route# default WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/route/default# destination X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - IP address of the network or destination node, for default route - 0.0.0.0) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/route/default# netmask X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - destination network mask, for default route - 0.0.0.0) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/route/default# gateway X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - gateway IP address) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# save (Save configuration)

#### Configuration of reception of the network parameters via DHCP

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# interface WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# br0 WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# protocol dhcp (Changing the operating mode from Static-IP to DHCP) WOP-2ac-LP5(config):/interface/br0/common# protocol dhcp (Changing the operating mode from Static-

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/br0/common# save (Save configuration)

5.2.1 Network parameters configuration using the set-management-vlan-mode utility

#### Non-tagged access

Obtain network parameters via DHCP:

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# set-management-vlan-mode off protocol dhcp

Static parameters:

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# set-management-vlan-mode off protocol static-ip ip-addr X.X.X.X netmask Y.Y.Y.Y gateway Z.Z.Z.Z (where X.X.X.X - static IP address, Y.Y.Y.Y - subnet mask, Z.Z.Z.Z - gateway)

Access via management VLAN in Terminating mode

Obtain network parameters via DHCP:

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# set-management-vlan-mode terminating vlan-id X protocol dhcp (where X - VLAN ID used for device access. Possible values: 1-4094)

Static parameters:

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# set-management-vlan-mode terminating vlan-id X protocol static-ip ip-addr X.X.X.X netmask Y.Y.Y.Y gateway Z.Z.Z.Z (where X - VLAN ID used for device access. Possible values: 1-4094, X.X.X.X - static IP address; Y.Y.Y.Y - subnet mask; Z.Z.Z. - gateway)

Access via management VLAN in Forwarding mode

Obtain network parameters via DHCP:

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# set-management-vlan-mode forwarding vlan-id X protocol dhcp (where X - VLAN ID used for device access. Possible values: 1-4094)

Static parameters:

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# set-management-vlan-mode forwarding vlan-id X protocol static-ip ip-addr X.X.X.X netmask Y.Y.Y.Y gateway Z.Z.Z.Z (where X - VLAN ID used for device access. Possible values: 1-4094, X.X.X.X - static IP address; Y.Y.Y.Y - subnet mask; Z.Z.Z.Z - gateway)

#### Finishing and saving configuration

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# save (Save configuration)

5.3 Virtual Wi-Fi access points (VAP) configuration

The table shows the commands for configuring VAP security modes.

Table 4 – Commands for configuration of security mode on VAP

Security mode	Command to set the security mode
Without password	security-mode off
WPA	security-mode WPA
WPA2	security-mode WPA2
WPA/WPA2	security-mode WPA_WPA2
WPA-Enterprise	security-mode WPA_1X
WPA2-Enterprise	security-mode WPA2_1X
WPA/WPA2-Enterprise	security-mode WPA_WPA2_1X

Below are examples of VAP configuration with different security modes.

## 5.3.1 Configuration of VAP without encryption

#### **Creation of VAP without encryption**

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# interface
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# wlan1-va0
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0# vap
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# ssid 'SSID\_WOP-2ac-LR5\_open' (Change SSID name)
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# security-mode off (Encryption mode off - Without password)
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# exit
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0# common
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0# common
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0# common
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/common# enabled true (Enable VAP)
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/common# save

## 5.3.2 Configuration of VAP with WPA-Personal security mode

## Creation of VAP with WPA-Personal security mode WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# wlan1-va0 WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0# vap WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# ssid 'SSID\_WOP-2ac-LR5\_Wpa2' (Change SSID name) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# security-mode WPA\_WPA2 (Encryption mode - WPA/ WPA2) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# key-wpa password123 (Key/password required to connect to the virtual access point. The key must be between 8 and 63 characters long) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/common# enabled true (Enable VAP) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/common# save

## 5.3.3 Configuration of VAP with Enterprise authorization

Creation of VAP with WPA2-Enterprise security mode with periodic accounting to RADIUS server WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# interface WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# wlan1-va0 WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0# vap WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# ssid 'SSID\_WOP-2ac-LR5\_enterprise' (Change SSID name) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# security-mode WPA\_WPA2\_1X (Encryption mode -WPA/WPA2-Enterprise) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# radius WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# domain root (where root - User domain) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# auth-address X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - RADIUS server IP address) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# auth-port X (where X - RADIUS server port, used for authentication and authorization. By default: 1812) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# auth-password secret (where secret - Password for RADIUS server, used for authentication and authorization) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# acct-enable true (Enable the sending of 'Accounting' messages to the RADIUS server. By default: false) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# acct-address X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - RADIUS server IP address, used for accounting) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# acct-port X (where X - RADIUS server port, that used for accounting. By default: 1813) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# acct-password secret (where secret - password for RADIUS server used for accounting) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# acct-periodic true (Enable the sending of 'Accounting' messages to the RADIUS server. By default: false) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# acct-interval 600 (Interval of sending of 'Accounting' messages to the RADIUS server) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/radius# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/common# enabled true (Enable VAP) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/common# save

## 5.3.4 Advanced VAP settings

#### Assigning VLAN-ID on VAP

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# vlan-id X (where X - number of VLAN-ID on VAP)

#### **Enabling VLAN trunk on VAP**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# vlan-trunk true (Enabling VLAN trunk on VAP. To disable, enter false)

#### **Enabling General VLAN on VAP**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# general-vlan-mode true (Enabling General VLAN on SSID. To disable, enter false) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# general-vlan-id X (where X – General VLAN number)

#### **Enabling hidden SSID**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# hidden true (Enabling hidden SSID. To disable, enter false)

**Client limitation on VAP** 

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# sta-limit X (where X - the maximum allowable number of clients connected to the virtual network)

**Enabling client isolation on VAP** 

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# station-isolation true (Enable traffic isolation between clients within a single VAP. To disable, enter false)

#### **Shaper configuration**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# shaper-per-sta-rx (Configuration of the shaper in the direction from the clients (each individually) connected to this VAP of the access point) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-sta-rx# value X (where X - maximum data rate in Kbps) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-sta-rx# mode kbps (Enabling shaper. To disable, enter **off**) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-sta-rx# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# shaper-per-sta-tx (Configuration of the shaper in the direction to the clients (each individually) connected to this VAP of the access point) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-sta-tx# value X (where X - maximum data rate in Kbps) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-sta-tx# mode kbps (Enabling shaper. To disable, enter **off**) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-sta-tx# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# shaper-per-vap-rx (Configuration of the shaper in the direction from the clients (summary) connected to this VAP of the access point) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-vap-rx# value X (where X - maximum data rate in Kbps) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-vap-rx# mode kbps (Enabling shaper. To disable, enter **off**) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-vap-rx# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# shaper-per-vap-tx (Configuration of the shaper in the direction to the clients (summary) connected to this VAP of the access point) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-vap-tx# value X (where X - maximum data rate in Kbps) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-vap-tx# mode kbps (Enabling shaper. To disable, enter **off**) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/shaper-per-vap-tx# exit

#### Select prioritization method

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# priority-by-dscp false (Priority analysis from the CoS (Class of Service) field of tagged packets. Default value: **true**. In this case the priority from the DSCP field of the IP packet header is analyzed)

#### **Configuration of access control via MAC**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# acl WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/acl# mac WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/acl/mac# add XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX (where XX:XX:XX:XX:XX - MAC address of the device, which should be allowed/forbidden to access. To remove an address from the list, use the del command) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/acl/mac# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/acl# policy allow (Selects the policy that only those clients whose MAC addresses are contained in the list will be allowed to connect to this VAP. Default value: deny - policy that will deny connection to this VAP to clients whose MAC addresses are contained

in the list) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/acl# enable true (Enable selected access policy. To disable enter false)

VLAN mapping

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# vlan-mapping

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping# **rule** 

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping/rule# **add name1** (where "name1" - mapping rule name. To remove the rule use the **del** command)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping/rule# name1

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping/rule/name1# **eth-vlan-id X** (where X - VLAN ID in Ethernet) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping/rule/name1# **eth-priority X** (where X - 802.1P priority when transmitting in Ethernet. Possible values: 0-7, auto. If priority is auto or not specified in this option - the original will be used)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping/rule/name1# wlan-vlan-id X (where X - VLAN ID in WLAN) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping/rule/name1# wlan-priority X (where X - 802.1P priority when transmitting in WLAN. Possible values: 0-7, auto. If priority is auto or not specified in this option - the original will be used)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping/rule/name1# exit

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping/rule# exit

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/vlan-mapping# **enable true** (Enabling vlan-mapping. To disable enter **false**)

#### Limiting the number of multicast groups for a client

#### General limitation of the number of groups for each client connected to a given VAP

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap# multicast-group-limits WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/multicast-group-limits# default-limit X (where X maximum number of multicast groups that the client can subscribe to. Possible values: 1-64. Default: 64) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/vap/multicast-group-limits# enable true (Enable multicastgroup-limits. To disable, enter false)

#### Individual limitation of the number of groups for a particular client

For all clients for which no individual limit is specified – the general limit on the number of groups set in the 'default-limit' will be applied.

#### **BPDU packet filtering**

#### Configuring BPDU packet filtering for a specific VAP

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/common# bpdu-filter true (Enable BPDU packet filtering on the current VAP. To disable enter false)

#### Configuring BPDU packet filtering for the eth0 interface

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/eth0# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/eth0/common# bpdu-filter true (Enable BPDU packet filtering on the eth0 interface. To disable enter **false**)

## 5.4 Radio configuration

To set the channel and change the power, use the following commands:

#### Change of operation channel, bandwidth and radio interface power

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# interface
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# wlan1
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1# wlan
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan# radio
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# tx-power X (where X - power level in dBm)
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# channel X (where X - number of static channel, on
which the point will operate)
WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# bandwidth X (where X - channel bandwidth)

## 5.4.1 Advanced Radio settings

#### Changing the operating mode of the radio interface

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# work-mode X (where X - radio interface operation mode according to IEEE 802.11. Possible values: a, an, ac)

#### **Enabling fixed central frequency**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# center-frequency true (Enabling fixed central frequency. To disable, enter false)

#### Changing the primary channel

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# control-sideband lower (Parameter may take values: lower, upper. By default: lower)

Enabling the use of Short Guard Interval

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# sgi true (Enabling the use of a Short Guard Interval for data transmission of 400 ns instead of 800 ns. To disable, enter false)

#### **Enabling STBC**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# stbc true (Enabling the Spatial-Time Block Coding (STBC) method, aimed at improving the reliability of data transmission. To disable, enter false)

#### **Enabling aggregation**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# aggregation true (Enabling aggregation on Radio - support for AMPDU/AMSDU. To disable, enter **false**)

#### **Enabling the short preamble**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# short-preamble true (Enabling the short packet preamble. To disable, enter false)

#### **Polling configuration**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# **polling** WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/polling# **enable true** (Enabling polling. To disable enter **false**) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/polling# **tx-duration X** (where X - maximum possible time of traffic transfer by the subscriber's station in ma. Describer values: 1, 100. Default: 10)

time of traffic transfer by the subscriber's station in ms. Possible values: 1-100. Default: 10) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/polling# **tx-modulation X** (The rate for control packets. Possible values: 6, 9, 12,18, 24, 36, 48, 54. Default: 24)

#### **Enabling fixed channel rate**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# fixed-rate X (where X - the name of the modulation in uppercase letters without spaces, for example - OFDM54, MCS15, NSS2-MCS9. Allowed values are determined by the mode of the radio interface and channel bandwidth)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# enable-fixed-rate true (Enable fixed channel rate. To disable, enter false)

#### **Channel rate limiting**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# maximal-rate-legacy X (where X - the name of the modulation in uppercase letters without spaces. The parameter is used when connecting clients in IEEE 802.11a mode)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# maximal-rate-ht X (where X - the name of the modulation in uppercase letters without spaces. The parameter is used when connecting clients in IEEE 802.11n mode)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# maximal-rate-vht X (where X - the name of the modulation in uppercase letters without spaces. The parameter is used when connecting clients in IEEE 802.11ac mode)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# enable-maximal-rate true (Enable channel rate limiting. To disable, enter false)

#### **Enabling Broadcast/Multicast shaper**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# **tx-broadcast-limit X** (where X - Restricting broadcast/multicast traffic over the wireless network, specify a limit for broadcast traffic per packet/s)

#### ACK timeout configuration

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# **ack-timeout X** (where X - ACK timeout. Possible values: 1-255. By default: 64)
#### **Enabling QoS and parameter changes**

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio# gos WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/gos# enable true (When enabled the EDCA parameters that set in configuration are applied. To disable, enter **false**) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/gos# edca-ap (Configuring the access point's QoS parameters (traffic is transmitted from the access point to the client)) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/gos/edca-ap# bk (Configure EDCA parameters for low-priority high-bandwidth queues (802.1p priorities: cs1, cs2)) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/gos/edca-ap/bk# aifs X (where X - the time frame(s) of data measured in slots. Takes the values: 1-255) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/qos/edca-ap/bk# cwmin X (where X - The initial value of the waiting time before sending the frame again is set in milliseconds. Takes the following values: 1, 3, 7, 15, 31, 63, 127, 255, 511, 1023. The value of cwMin may not exceed the value of cwMax) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/gos/edca-ap/bk# cwmax X (where X - The maximum waiting time before resending a frame is set in milliseconds. Takes the following values: 1, 3, 7, 15, 31, 63, 127, 255, 511, 1023. The value of cwMax must be greater than the value of cwMin) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/gos/edca-ap/bk# txop X (where X - The time interval, in milliseconds, in which the client WME station is allowed to initiate data transmission over the wireless environment to the access point. Max value - 65535 ms) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/gos/edca-ap/bk# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/qos/edca-ap# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/radio/qos# edca-sta (Configuring the client station QoS parameters (traffic is transmitted from the client station to the access point))

The configuration method of **edca-sta** is the same as that of **edca-ap**. Parameters configuration for gueues **be**, **vi**, **vo** is similar to parameters configuration for gueue **bk**.

## 5.5 WDS configuration

When configuring a WDS connection, it is necessary that the same channel and channel width be selected on the devices to be connected via WDS in the radio interface settings (see Radio settings above).

**WDS configuration** 

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# interface WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# wlan1-wds0 (Select WDS link. Possible values: wlan1-wds0 - wlan1wds7) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0# wds WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0/wds# mac-addr XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX (Oncoming access point MAC address) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0/wds# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0/common# enabled true (Enabling WDS link. To disable enter false) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0/common# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# wlan1 WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1# wlan WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan# wds WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/wds# security-mode WPA2 (Select WPA2 security mode. Possible value: off - without password) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/wds# key-wpa password123 (The key/password required to connect to the counter AP. The key must be between 8 and 63 characters long) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/wds# enabled true (Enabling WDS. To disable enter false) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1/wlan/wds# save

Configuration of the **counter BS** is carried out in the same way.

#### Enabling large packet transmission in WDS

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# interface WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# eth0 WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/eth0# eth WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/eth0/eth# jumbo-support true (Enabling large packet transmission. To disable enter false) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/eth0/eth# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/eth0# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# exit

### Increase MTU on interfaces:

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# eth0 WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/eth0# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/eth0/common# mtu X (where X - MTU value. Maximum value is 2400) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/eth0# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# wlan1-wds0 WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0/common# mtu X (where X - MTU value. Maximum value is 2400) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-wds0/common# save

## 5.6 System settings

#### 5.6.1 Device firmware update

#### Device firmware update via tftp

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# firmware upload tftp <tftp server IP address> <Firmware file name> (Example: firmware upload tftp 192.168.1.15 WOP-2ac-LR5-1.7.1\_build\_2.tar.gz) WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# firmware upgrade

#### Device firmware update via http

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# firmware upload http <URL to download firmware> (Example: firmware upload http https://eltexco.ru/upload/iblock/7f9/WOP-2ac-LR5-1.7.1\_build\_2.tar.gz) WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# firmware upgrade

#### Switching to a backup version of the access point firmware

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# firmware switch

## 5.6.2 Device configuration management

Resetting the device configuration to a default state without saving the access parameters

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# manage-config reset-to-default

Resetting the device configuration to a default state with saving the access parameters

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# manage-config reset-to-default-without-management

Download the device configuration file to tftp server

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# manage-config download tftp <tftp server IP address> (Example: manage-config download tftp 192.168.1.15)

Download configuration file from tftp server to the device

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# manage-config upload tftp <tftp server IP address> <Configuration file name> (Example: manage-config upload tftp 192.168.1.15 config.json) WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# manage-config apply (Apply configuration to the access point)

## 5.6.3 Device reboot

The command for rebooting the device.

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# reboot

#### 5.6.4 Authentication mode configuration

The device has a factory admin account with 'password' password. This account can't be deleted. You can change the password with the following commands.

#### Changing the password for the admin account

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# authentication WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication# admin-password <New password for admin> (1 to 64 characters, including Latin letters and numbers) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication# save It is possible to create additional users for local authentication as well as authentication via RADIUS.

One of two roles must be assigned to new users:
 admin – a user with this role will have full access to the configuration and monitoring of the BS;
 viewer – a user with this role will only have access to monitoring the BS.

The following commands are used to create additional users:

Adding new users
<ul> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# authentication</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication# user</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/user# add userX (where "userX" - name of the new user. To delete use the del command)</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/user# userX</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/user/userX# login userX (where "userX" - name of the created user)</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/user/userX# password <password for="" the="" user="" userx=""> (1 to 64 characters, including Latin letters and numbers)</password></li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/user/userX# role admin (Configuration rights assigned to user. Possible value: viewer - only monitoring will be available for this user)</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/user/userX# save</li> </ul>

To authenticate via RADIUS server, you should configure its access parameters.

#### **Configuring RADIUS server access settings**

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# authentication

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication# radius

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/radius# auth-address X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - RADIUS server IP address)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/radius# auth-port X (where X - port of the RADIUS server, which is used for authentication and authorization. Default: 1812)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/radius# auth-password secret (where "secret" - key for RADIUS server, which is used for authentication and authorization)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication/radius# exit

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication# radius-auth true (Enable RADIUS server authentication mode. To disable enter false)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/authentication# save

When authenticating via RADIUS server, you should always create a local account, which is the same as the account on the RADIUS server.

In this case, in the local account must be specified the role that determines the access rights (admin or viewer).

If the RADIUS server is unavailable, authentication will be performed using the local account.

## 5.6.5 DCHP-snooping configuration

Commands for DHCP-snooping configuration
<ul> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# dhcp-snooping</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping# enable true (Enable DHCP-snooping. To disable enter false)</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping# vlan (DHCP-snooping configuration for tagged traffic)</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan# add vlan-group (where 'vlan-group' - VLAN group name, for which DHCP-snooping will operate)</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan# vlan-group</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan/vlan-group# vid 'X;Y-Z' (where X - VLAN number, Y-Z - range of VLANs, which will be in 'vlan-group' and for which DHCP-snooping will operate. VLAN range configuration example: vid '10;100-110')</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan/vlan-group# exit</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan# exit</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan# exit</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan# exit</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan# exit</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan# exit</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping/vlan# exit</li> <li>WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/dhcp-snooping# untag true (Enable DHCP-snooping for untagged traffic. To disable enter false)</li> </ul>

By default, only eth0 is considered a trusted port. For all wlan0-vaX interfaces, dhcp-trusted false. You can change the settings by using the commands below.

Configure a trusted port on a VAP:

**Commands for configuring trusted ports** 

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# interface

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface# wlan0-va0

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0# common

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/interface/wlan1-va0/common# dhcp-trusted true (Enable trusted port. When set to true, the DHCP server that is on the client side of the VAP is allowed to operate. To disable, enter false, in which case you will not be able to work with such a DCHP server)

## 5.6.6 Setting the date and time

#### Commands to configure NTP server time synchronization

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# date-time WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/date-time# mode ntp (Enable NTP operation mode. Possible value is manual - set the time manually) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/date-time# ntp WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/date-time/ntp# server <NTP server IP address> (NTP server configuration) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/date-time/ntp# exit WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/date-time# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/date-time# common WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/date-time/common# timezone 'Asia/Novosibirsk (Novosibirsk)' (Timezone configuration) WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/date-time/common# save

## 5.7 Monitoring

### 5.7.1 Wi-Fi clients

To display the monitoring of connected Wi-Fi clients the following command is used:

**monitoring associated-clients** <mac address of the client 1> ... <mac address of the client N> **filter** <parameter 1> ... <parameter N>,

where <mac address of the client 1> ... <mac address of the client N> - MAC addresses of the client devices connected to the access point. To display information for all clients, type all instead of <mac address of the client>;

filter is a special word, after which the monitoring parameters required for output by client/clients are specified;

```
<parameter 1> ... <parameter N> - monitoring parameter/parameters required for output by client/
clients.
```

To display the list of clients connected to the access point, press the TAB key after **monitoring associated**clients.

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring associated-clients <Tab>

```
e0:d9:e3:7a:88:20
e0:d9:e3:93:f9:e0
all
```

To display the list of monitoring parameters, press the TAB key after filter.

## WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring associated-clients all filter <Tab>

index
interface
hw-addr
state
ip-addr
hostname
rx-retry-count
tx-fails
tx-period-retry
tx-retry-count
noise-1
noise-2
.....

## Display information on all connected clients

# WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring associated-clients (or monitoring associated-clients all)

index	0
interface	wlan1-va0
state	ASSOC AUTH_SUCCESS
hw-addr	e0:d9:e3:7a:88:20
ip-addr	192.168.1.1
hostname	WB-2P-LR5-revB
authorized	true
captive-portal-vap	false
enterprise-vap	false
rx-retry-count	7814
tx-fails	0
tx-period-retry	0
tx-retrv-count	13838
noise-1	-89
noise-2	-87
rssi-1	-44
rssi-2	-31
snr-1	45
snr-2	1 56
rssi-from-sta-1	-38
rssi-from-sta-2	-29
spr-from-sta-1	54
snr-from-sta-2	5 <del>1</del>   62
ty-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS8 SGT 780
ry-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS7 NO SGT 585
rx-bw	
rx-bw-all	
tx-bw	
untimo	
multicast_groups_coupt	
wiroloss-modo	
oltox-sorial-number	
oltox-firmwaro-vorsion	
oltox-board-typo	$  W_{\text{R}}^{-2} P_{\text{L}}^{-1} P_{\text{L}}^{-1$
porftost_capable	wB-zF-LKS.TeV.B
per rest-capable	
link-conscity	Crue   94 (not changed)
link-capacity	84 (not changed)
link-quality	
tink-quatity-common	
actual-tx-rate	
actual-rx-rate	
snaped-rx-rate	
actual-rx-pps	
snaped-rx-pps	
polling-max-resp-delay	
name	0
Rate Tra	nsmitted Received

Total Packets:	103569	63967
TX success:	100	
Total Bytes:	146464636	88416430
Data Packets:	103558	63919
Data Bytes:	143771443	86752825
Mgmt Packets:	11	48
Mgmt Bytes:	685	671

Rate	Transmitted	Received			
ofdm6	14	0%	50		0%
nss1-mcs0	Θ	0%	1		0%
nss1-mcs3	Θ	0%	2		0%
nss1-mcs4	Θ	0%	2		0%
nss2-mcs3	5554	5%	145		0%
nss2-mcs4	Θ	0%	1460		2%
nss2-mcs5	39022	37%	1410		2%
nss2-mcs6	Θ	0%	6643		10%
nss2-mcs7	43338	41%	35849		56%
nss2-mcs8	14668	14%	13054		20%
nss2-mcs9	973	0%	5350		8%

 								_
 	Multicast groups				Clients	5		
 	МАС		IP		Count		IP	
 0	01:00:5E:7F:0A:65		xxx.127.10.101		1	L	150.0.0.33(299)	
 1	01:00:5E:00:00:FB		xxx.0.0.251		1	L	169.254.145.203(196)	
 2	01:00:5E:00:00:FC		xxx.0.0.252		1	L	169.254.145.203(199)	
 								_

index	1
interface	wlan1-va0
state	ASSOC AUTH_SUCCESS
hw-addr	e0:d9:e3:93:f9:e0
ip-addr	192.168.1.1
hostname	WB-2P-LR5-revC
authorized	true
captive-portal-vap	false
enterprise-vap	false
rx-retry-count	88
tx-fails	Θ
tx-period-retry	Θ
tx-retry-count	Θ
noise-1	-89
noise-2	-87
rssi-1	-77
rssi-2	-55
snr-1	12
snr-2	32
rssi-from-sta-1	-59
rssi-from-sta-2	-74

36
24
VHT NSS2-MCS5 NO SGI 468
VHT NSS1-MCS8 NO SGI 351
80M
20M
80M
00:10:37
Θ
ас
WP32000132
2.5.0.165
WB-2P-LR5:rev.C
true
true
60 (not changed)
100 (not changed)
100
Θ
Θ
Θ
Θ
Θ
Θ
Θ
1

Rate	Transmitted	Received
Total Packets:	51	238
TX success:	100	
Total Bytes:	8418	76830
Data Packets:	40	202
Data Bytes:	6901	69636
Mgmt Packets:	11	36
Mgmt Bytes:	477	1396

Rate	Transmitted	R	eceived	
ofdm6	13	25%	37	15%
nssl-mcs4	Θ	0%	3	1%
nss1-mcs5	4	7%	Θ	0%
nssl-mcs8	Θ	0%	20	8%
nss2-mcs1	Θ	0%	8	3%
nss2-mcs2	Θ	0%	10	4%
nss2-mcs3	2	3%	18	7%
nss2-mcs4	20	39%	21	8%
nss2-mcs5	12	23%	38	16%
nss2-mcs6	Θ	0%	78	32%
nss2-mcs7	0	0%	4	1%

Multicast groups: none

Display information on a specific client(s)

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring associated-clients e0:d9:e3:93:f9:e0 (it is possible to specifiy several MAC addresses, e.g. monitoring associated-clients e0:d9:e3:93:f9:e0 e0:d9:e3:7a:88:20)

index	1
interface	wlan1-va0
state	ASSOC AUTH_SUCCESS
hw-addr	e0:d9:e3:93:f9:e0
ip-addr	192.168.1.1
hostname	WB-2P-LR5-revC
authorized	true
captive-portal-vap	false
enterprise-vap	false
rx-retry-count	89
tx-fails	Θ
tx-period-retry	Θ
tx-retry-count	Θ
noise-1	-89
noise-2	-88
rssi-1	-60
rssi-2	-60
snr-1	29
snr-2	28
rssi-from-sta-1	-59
rssi-from-sta-2	-74
snr-from-sta-1	36
snr-from-sta-2	24
tx-rate	VHT NSS1-MCS9 NO SGI 390
rx-rate	VHT NSS1-MCS8 NO SGI 351
rx-bw	80M
rx-bw-all	I 80M
tx-bw	80M
uptime	00:12:26
multicast-groups-count	Θ
wireless-mode	ac
eltex-serial-number	WP32000132
eltex-firmware-version	2.5.0.165
eltex-board-type	WB-2P-LR5:rev.C
perftest-capable	true
snr-rssi-capable	true
link-capacity	50 (not changed)
link-quality	100 (not changed)
link-quality-common	100
actual-tx-rate	Θ
actual-rx-rate	Θ
shaped-rx-rate	Θ
actual-tx-pps	Θ
actual-rx-pps	Θ
shaped-rx-pps	Θ
polling-max-resp-delay	Θ
name	1
Rate T	ransmitted Received

Total Packets:	53	274		1
TX success:	100			
Total Bytes:	8737	8921	.7	
Data Packets:	42	235		
Data Bytes:	7168	8108	57	
Mgmt Packets:	11	39		
Mgmt Bytes:	477	1396	;	
Rate	Transmitted	Recei	ved	
ofdm6	13	24%	41	15%
nssl-mcs4	Θ	0%	4	1%
nssl-mcs5	4	7%	Θ	0%
nssl-mcs8	Θ	0%	51	18%
nssl-mcs9	1	1%	Θ	0%
nss2-mcs1	Θ	0%	8	2%
nss2-mcs2	Θ	0%	10	3%
nss2-mcs3	2	3%	18	6%
nss2-mcs4	20	37%	21	7%
nss2-mcs5	13	24%	38	13%
nss2-mcs6	Θ	0%	78	28%
nss2-mcs7	Θ	0%	4	1%

\_\_\_\_\_

\_ \_ \_

Multicast groups: none

\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

#### Monitoring parameters filtering

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring associated-clients e0:d9:e3:93:f9:e0 filter hw-addr ip-addr tx-rate rxrate uptime (display a limited number of monitoring parameters for a specific client. It is possible to specify several mac addresses)

hw-addr	e0:d9:e3:93:f9:e0
ip-addr	192.168.1.1
tx-rate	VHT NSS1-MCS9 NO SGT 390
rx-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS4 NO SGI 351
uptime	00:15:07

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring associated-clients all filter hw-addr rssi-1 rssi-2 wireless-mode interface (display a limited number of monitoring parameters for all clients)

hw-addr	e0:d9:e3:7a:88:20
rssi-1	-43
rssi-2	-34
wireless-mode	ac
interface	wlan1-va0
hw-addr	e0:d9:e3:93:f9:e0
rssi-1	-52
rssi-2	-51
wireless-mode	ac
interface	wlan1-va0

## 5.7.2 WDS

For WDS connection monitoring the following command is used:

**monitoring wds-entries** <mac address of the oncoming station 1> ... <mac address of the oncoming station N> **filter** parameter 1> ... parameter N>,

where <mac address of the oncoming station 1> ... <mac address of the oncoming station N> - The mac addresses of the oncoming base stations with which the WDS bridges are built. In order to output information for all the counter stations, type **all** instead of <mac address of the oncoming station>;

filter - a special word, after which the monitoring parameters required for output by one or more oncoming BS are specified;

<parameter 1> ... <parameter N> - parameter/parameters of monitoring required to output by one or more oncoming BS.

To display the list of BSs with which WDS bridges are built, press the TAB key after monitoring wds-entries.

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring wds-entries <Tab>

```
e8:28:c1:ef:21:e0
e8:28:c1:ef:22:a0
all
```

To display the list of monitoring parameters, press the TAB key after filter.

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring wds-entries all filter <Tab> index interface hw-addr state ip-addr hostname rx-retry-count tx-fails tx-period-retry tx-retry-count noise-1 noise-2 rssi-1 rssi-2 . . . . .

## Display information on all oncoming BS

# WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring wds-entries (or monitoring wds-entries all)

index	Θ
interface	wlan1
state	WIFI_WDS
hw-addr	e8:28:c1:ef:21:e0
ip-addr	100.110.1.56
hostname	WOP-2ac-LR5-SYNC
authorized	false
captive-portal-vap	false
enterprise-vap	false
rx-retry-count	2280
tx-fails	1
tx-period-retry	3
tx-retry-count	289
noise-1	-88
noise-2	-88
rssi-1	-32
rssi-2	-40
snr-1	56
snr-2	48
rssi-from-sta-1	-39
rssi-from-sta-2	-37
snr-from-sta-1	53
snr-from-sta-2	57
wds- <b>interface</b>	wlan1-wds0
tx-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS8 SGI 780
rx-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS7 NO SGI 585
rx-bw	80M
rx-bw-all	80M
tx-bw	80M
uptime	00:17:04
multicast-groups-count	Θ
wireless-mode	ac
eltex-firmware-version	1.9.0 build 180
eltex-board-type	WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC
perftest-capable	true
snr-rssi-capable	true
link-capacity	78
link-quality	62
link-quality-common	60
actual-tx-rate	1
actual-rx-rate	8
shaped-rx-rate	Θ
actual-tx-pps	Θ
actual-rx-pps	11
shaped-rx-pps	Θ
polling-max-resp-delay	0
name	0
Rate Trai	nsmitted Received

Total Packets:	647	14394	
TX success:	99		
Total Bytes:	240528	1769612	
Data Packets:	639	14386	
Data Bytes:	219677	1308671	
Mgmt Packets:	8	8	
Mgmt Bytes:	405	589	

Rate	Transmitted	Received		
dsss2	1	0%		0%
ofdm6	8	1%	11	0%
nss1-mcs0	1	0%	17	0%
nss1-mcs1	Θ	0%	9	0%
nss1-mcs2	Θ	0%	20	0%
nss1-mcs3	Θ	0%	3	0%
nss1-mcs4	5	0%	60	0%
nss1-mcs5	28	4%	24	0%
nss1-mcs6	21	3%	21	0%
nss1-mcs7	18	2%	3	0%
nss1-mcs8	55	8%	232	1%
nss1-mcs9	17	2%	407	2%
nss2-mcs1	Θ	0%	12	0%
nss2-mcs2	Θ	0%	1	0%
nss2-mcs3	19	2%	96	0%
nss2-mcs4	52	8%	250	1%
nss2-mcs5	28	4%	1063	7%
nss2-mcs6	31	4%	2265	15%
nss2-mcs7	192	29%	9421	65%
nss2-mcs8	127	19%	429	2%
nss2-mcs9	44	6%	49	0%

Multicast groups: none

index	1
interface	wlan1
state	WIFI_WDS
hw-addr	e8:28:c1:ef:22:a0
ip-addr	100.110.1.57
hostname	WOP-2ac-LR5-SYNC
authorized	false
captive-portal-vap	false
enterprise-vap	false
rx-retry-count	2180
tx-fails	1
tx-period-retry	3
tx-retry-count	289
noise-1	-88
noise-2	-88
rssi-1	-32
rssi-2	-40
snr-1	56
snr-2	48
rssi-from-sta-1	-39

rssi-from-sta-2	-37
snr-from-sta-1	53
snr-from-sta-2	57
wds-interface	wlan1-wds0
tx-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS8 SGI 780
rx-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS7 NO SGI 585
rx-bw	80M
rx-bw-all	80M
tx-bw	80M
uptime	00:17:04
multicast-groups-count	Θ
wireless-mode	ac
eltex-firmware-version	1.9.0 build 180
eltex-board-type	WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC
perftest-capable	true
snr-rssi-capable	true
link-capacity	78
link-quality	62
link-quality-common	60
actual-tx-rate	1
actual-rx-rate	8
shaped-rx-rate	Θ
actual-tx-pps	Θ
actual-rx-pps	11
shaped-rx-pps	Θ
polling-max-resp-delay	Θ
name	Θ

Rate	Transmitted	Received	
Total Packets: TX success: Total Bytes: Data Packets: Data Bytes: Mgmt Packets:	647   99   240528   639   219677   8	14394     1769612   14386   1308671   8	         
Mgmt Bytes:	405	589	ا ا

Rate	Transmitted	Received		
dsss2	1		0	0%
ofdm6	8	1%	11	0%
nssl-mcs0	1	0%	17	0%
nssl-mcsl	Θ	0%	9	0%
nss1-mcs2	Θ	0%	20	0%
nss1-mcs3	Θ	0%	3	0%
nss1-mcs4	5	0%	60	0%
nss1-mcs5	28	4%	24	0%
nss1-mcs6	21	3%	21	0%
nss1-mcs7	18	2%	3	0%
nss1-mcs8	55	8%	232	1%
nss1-mcs9	17	2%	407	2%
nss2-mcs1	Θ	0%	12	0%
nss2-mcs2	Θ	0%	1	0%
nss2-mcs3	19	2%	96	0%
nss2-mcs4	52	8%	250	1%
nss2-mcs5	28	4%	1063	7%

nss2-mcs6	31	4%	2265   15%
nss2-mcs7	192	29%	9421   65%
nss2-mcs8	127	19%	429   2%
nss2-mcs9	44	6%	49 0%

Multicast groups: none

Display information one ore more oncoming BS

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring wds-entries e8:28:c1:ef:21:e0 (it is possible to specify several MAC addresses, e.g. monitoring wds-entries e8:28:c1:ef:21:e0 e8:28:c1:ef:22:a0)

index	Θ	
interface	wlan1	
state	WIFI_WDS	
hw-addr	e8:28:c1:ef:21:e0	
ip-addr	100.110.1.56	
hostname	WOP-2ac-LR5-SYNC	
authorized	false	
captive-portal-vap	false	
enterprise-vap	false	
rx-retry-count	2743	
tx-fails	1	
tx-period-retry	1	
tx-retry-count	387	
noise-1	-88	
noise-2	-87	
rssi-1	-35	
rssi-2	-40	
snr-1	53	
snr-2	47	
rssi-from-sta-1	-52	
rssi-from-sta-2	-48	
snr-from-sta-1	39	
snr-from-sta-2	45	
wds-interface	wlan1-wds0	
tx-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS7 SGT	650
rx-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS7 SGT	650
rx-bw	80M	
rx-bw-all	1 80M	
tx-bw	1 80M	
uptime	00:20:47	
multicast-groups-count	0	
wireless-mode	ac	
eltex-firmware-version	1.9.0 build 180	
eltex-board-type	WOP-2ac-LR5 SYNC	
perftest-capable	true	
snr-rssi-capable	true	
link-capacity	61	
link-quality	75	
link-quality-common	59	
actual-tx-rate	1	
actual-rx-rate	22	
shaped-rx-rate	0	
actual-tx-pps	. 0	
actual-rx-pps	13	
shaped-rx-pps	0	
polling-max-resp-delav	0	
name	. 0	
Rate Tra	nsmitted	Received

Total Packets:	784	1	16910	1
TX success:	99	1		1
Total Bytes:	293177	2	2082267	Í
Data Packets:	776	1	L6902	Í
Data Bytes:	267942	1	L540814	Í
Mgmt Packets:	8	8	3	Í
Mgmt Bytes:	405	5	589	
Rate	Transmitted	Re	eceived	
dsss2	1	0%	Θ	0%
ofdm6	8	1%	11	0%
nssl-mcs0	1	0%	17	0%
nssl-mcsl	Θ	0%	9	0%
nss1-mcs2	Θ	0%	20	0%
nss1-mcs3	0	0%	3	0%
nssl-mcs4	5	0%	74	0%
nss1-mcs5	28	3%	24	0%
nss1-mcs6	21	2%	21	0%
nss1-mcs7	18	2%	3	0%
nss1-mcs8	57	7%	391	2%
nss1-mcs9	21	2%	514	3%
nss2-mcs1	Θ	0%	12	0%
nss2-mcs2	Θ	0%	1	0%
nss2-mcs3	19	2%	107	0%
nss2-mcs4	53	6%	457	2%
nss2-mcs5	38	4%	1349	7%
nss2-mcs6	38	4%	2545	15%
nss2-mcs7	245	31%	10806	63%
nss2-mcs8	173	22%	496	2%
nss2-mcs9	58	7%	49	0%

\_\_\_\_\_

Multicast groups: none

\_\_\_\_\_

#### Monitoring parameters filtering

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring wds-entries e8:28:c1:ef:21:e0 filter hw-addr ip-addr tx-rate rx-rate uptime (display a limited number of monitoring parameters for a particular BS. It is possible to specify several mac addresses)

hw-addr	e8:28:c1:ef:21:e0
ip-addr	100.110.1.56
tx-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS9 NO SGI 780
rx-rate	VHT NSS2-MCS6 NO SGI 526.5
uptime	00:22:31

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring wds-entries all filter hw-addr rssi-1 rssi-2 wireless-mode wdsinterface eltex-firmware-version (display a limited number of monitoring parameters for all BS)

hw-addr	e8:28:c1:ef:21:e0
rssi-1	-38
rssi-2	-41
wireless-mode	ac   wlan1-wds0
eltex-firmware-version	1.9.0 build 180
hw-addr	e8:28:c1:ef:22:a0
rssi-1	-60
rssi-2	-62
wireless-mode	ac
wds- <b>interface</b>	wlan1-wds1
eltex-firmware-version	1.9.0 build 180

## 5.7.3 Speed Testing

#### **Speed Testing configuration**

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# configure

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/# perftest

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/perftest# server-ip X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - IP address to be assigned to the interface of the subscriber station for the test. Default: 192.0.4.1. It is recommended to configure a subnet that is not used on an existing network)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/perftest# client-ip X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - IP address to be assigned to the interface of the base station for the test. Default: 192.0.4.1. It is recommended to configure a subnet that is not used on an existing network)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/perftest# netmask X.X.X.X (where X.X.X.X - subnet mask used for the test. Default is 255.255.255.0)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/perftest# vlan-id X (where X - VLAN ID used for the test. Default: 7. It is recommended to configure VLAN ID that is not used on an existing network)

WOP-2ac-LR5(config):/perftest# save

## 5.7.4 Device info

```
WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring information
```

```
system-time: 19:21:43 17.09.2021
uptime: 1 d 04:19:13
software-version: 1.9.0 build 180
secondary-software-version: 1.9.0 build 180
boot-version: 1.9.0 build 180
memory-usage: 67
memory-free: 30
memory-used: 61
memory-total: 92
cpu: 1.23
is-default-config: false
board-type: WOP-2ac-LR5
hw-platform: WOP-2ac-LR5
factory-wan-mac: E0:D9:E3:91:F4:F0
factory-lan-mac: E0:D9:E3:91:F4:F0
factory-serial-number: WP2A000200
hw-revision: 1.4
session-password-initialized: false
ott-mode: false
last-reboot-reason: reboot by user
test-changes-mode: false
```

## 5.7.5 Network information

### WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring wan-status

```
interface: br0
protocol: dhcp
ip-address: 100.110.0.226
mac: e8:28:c1:00:fb:a0
mask: 255.255.255.0
gateway: 100.110.0.1
DNS-1: 100.110.0.253
DNS-2: 172.16.0.253
rx-bytes: 10438959
rx-packets: 29792
tx-bytes: 3912647
tx-packets: 21352
```

## WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring ethernet

```
link: up
speed: 1000
duplex: enabled
rx-bytes: 10515558
rx-packets: 30323
tx-bytes: 4052982
tx-packets: 21664
```

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring arp

#	ip	mac
0	100.110.0.252	9c:5c:6e:83:e5:5d
1	100.110.0.191	a8:f9:4b:aa:3f:21

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring route

Destination	Gateway	Mask	Flags	Interface
0.0.0.0	100.110.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	br0
100.110.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	br0

### 5.7.6 Wireless interfaces

WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring radio

```
hwaddr: E8:28:C1:xx:xx:xx
status: on
noise-1: -92
noise-2: -91
utilization: 0
channel: 100
thermal: 31
bandwidth: 80
frequency: 5500
```

## 5.7.7 Information on ISS state

WOP-2ac-LR5-SYNC status   running	C(root):/# g	monitori	ng clı	uster-	-syr	nchroni	zati
MAC	Ready	Master	Slot	Dela	y	Me	
e8:28:c1:ef:22:4	10   true	true	5	0		false	
e8:28:c1:ef:22:3 e8:28:c1:ef:22:0	30   true )0   true	false false	5   5	0   0		true false	
PTP info:							
port-state	SLAV	/E					
servo-state	SERV	/0_LOCKED	_STABL	E			
master-offset	223						
path-delay	3376	5					

#### 5.7.8 Event logging

#### WOP-2ac-LR5(root):/# monitoring events

```
Jan 1 03:00:15 WOP-2ac-LR5 daemon.info networkd[1054]: DHCP-client: Interface br0 obtained
lease on 100.110.0.226.
Dec 7 17:03:00 WOP-2ac-LR5 daemon.info monitord[1150]: event: 'authenticated' mac:
E0:D9:E3:7A:BE:C0 ssid: 'test' interface: wlan1-va0 channel: 40 rssi: -65 location: 'root'
reason: 0
Dec 7 17:09:48 WOP-2ac-LR5 daemon.info monitord[1150]: event: 'deauthenticated by AP' mac:
E0:D9:E3:7A:BE:C0 ssid: 'test' interface: wlan1-va0 channel: 40 rssi: -64 location: 'root'
reason: 3 description: 'Deauth at STA leave BSS'
```

#### 5.7.9 Spectrum analyzer

The spectrum analyzer provides information about channel load.

The analysis time for all the radio channels in the range is approximately 5 minutes.

### Please note that all clients will disconnect from the base station during spectrum analyzer operation. The client stations will be connected again only when the spectrum analyzer finishes its work.

As a result of the spectrum analyzer operation, information on the loading of each channel (in percent) will be displayed in the console:

Channell	
36	4%
37	3%
381	1%
39	5%
40	3%
41	5%
42	1%
43	6%
44	4%
45	3%
46	1%
47	4%
48	4%
49	4%

# 6 System recovering after firmware update failure

If a failure (e.g. due to power cutoff) occured during the firmware update (via the web interface or via DHCPbased automatic update mechanism), and the device does not operate (the 'Power' indicator is solid red), use the following algorithm to recover the device:

- Unzip the archive with the firmware file.
- Connect a PC to the device port. Specify the following subnet mask on the network interface: 192.168.1.0/24.
- Run the TFTP client on the PC (for Windows, it is recommended to use the Tftpd32), specify 192.168.1.6 as the remote host address and select the linux.bin file from the unzipped firmware archive for transferring.
- Run the command to send a file to the remote host (the **Put** command). The process of file transmission will be launched.
- If transmission process has been started, please, wait for its finishing. The device will write the firmware
  to its memory and launch the system automatically. Writing takes approximately 8 minutes. If the
  process is completed successfully, the "Power" indicator will be green or orange. The configuration that
  was used before the failure will be stored on the device. If you can not connect to the device, reset it to
  factory settings.
- If the process has not started, make sure that PC network settings are correct and try again. If it does
  not work, send the device to maintainance service or connect to the device via the COM port using a
  special adapter (if available) and perform recovery.

# 7 The list of changes

Document version	Issue Date	Revisions
Version 1.9	31.01.2022	<ul> <li>Synchronization with firmware version 1.10.0</li> <li>Added: <ul> <li>4.10.3 The 'Ping Watchdog' submenu</li> </ul> </li> <li>Corrected: <ul> <li>4.5.1 The 'Wi-Fi clients' submenu</li> <li>4.5.7 The 'Radio Information' submenu</li> <li>4.9.1 The 'System Configuration' submenu</li> <li>5.3.4 Advanced VAP settings</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Version 1.8	11.10.2021	Synchronization with firmware version 1.9.0 Added: • 3.3 Recommendations for lightning protection • 3.5 WOP-2ac-LR5 RFE mounting • 5.6.5 DHCP Snooping configuration Corrected: • 4.5.1 The «Wi-Fi clients» submenu • 4.5.2 The «WDS» submenu • 5.3.4 Advanced VAP settings • 5.7 Monitoring
Version 1.7	25.06.2021	<ul> <li>Synchronization with firmware version 1.8.2</li> <li>Added: <ul> <li>4.5.8 The 'Cluster Synchronisation' submenu</li> <li>5.6.4 Authentication mode configuration</li> <li>5.7.2 Speed Testing</li> </ul> </li> <li>Corrected: <ul> <li>2.3 Technical features</li> <li>4.5.1 The 'Wi-Fi Clients' submenu</li> <li>4.5.7 The 'Radio Information' submenu</li> <li>4.6.3 The 'Synchronization' submenu</li> <li>4.10.4 The 'Authentication' submenu</li> <li>5.2 Network parameters configuration</li> <li>5.4.1 Advanced Radio settings</li> <li>5.6.4 Authentication mode configuration</li> <li>5.7.3 Device info</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Version 1.6	21.12.2020	<ul> <li>Synchronization with firmware version 1.7.0</li> <li>Added:</li> <li>4.6.3 The 'Synchronization' submenu</li> <li>5 Managing the device using the command line</li> </ul>
Version 1.5	20.08.2020	<ul> <li>Synchronization with firmware version 1.6.0</li> <li>Added: <ul> <li>4.3 Test mode</li> <li>4.5.7 The 'Radio Information' submenu</li> <li>The 'MAC ACL' subsection in the 'VAP' submenu</li> </ul> </li> <li>Corrected the 'Traffic Statistics' submenu</li> </ul>
Version 1.4	07.04.2020	Synchronization with firmware version 1.5.0 Corrected the 'Device Firmware Upgrade' submenu
Version 1.3	31.01.2020	Synchronization with firmware version 1.4.2
Version 1.2	11.12.2019	Synchronization with firmware version 1.4.1
Version 1.1	06.11.2019	Synchronization with firmware version 1.4.0 Changes in sections: • 2.4 Design • 3.3 WOP-2ac-LR5 Mounting • 4.4.5 Events • 4.5.1 Radio • 4.5.2 QoS • 4.6 VAP • 4.7 WDS • 4.8.1 System configuration • 4.8.2 Access • 4.9.1 Device Firmware Upgrade • 4.9.6 Date and Time • 5 Spectrum Analyzer Chapters added: • 4.9.5 Log
Version 1.0	28.06.2019	First Issue
Firmware version		1.10.0

# **TECHNICAL SUPPORT**

For technical assistance in issues related to handling Eltex Ltd. equipment, please, address to Service Center of the company:

http://www.eltex-co.com/support

You are welcome to visit Eltex official website to get the relevant technical documentation and software, to use our knowledge base or consult a Service Center Specialist in our technical forum.

http://www.eltex-co.com/

http://www.eltex-co.com/support/downloads/